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MISSIONARY.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Second Day's Proceedings.

Morning Session.

The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions re-assembled yesterday morning at the Third Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, at half past nine o'clock, was called to order by the Chairman, and the exercises opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Aiken, of Cleveland, Ohio.

The minutes of the preceding session were read and approved.

Rev. Dr. Condit offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board be tendered to Rev. Dr. Todd, for his excellent annual address, or sermon, delivered in this Church last evening, and that a copy be requested for publication.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

SPECIAL REPORT.

An elaborate special report of the Prudential Committee on "the relations of foreign missionaries and native churches and ministers," covering eleven printed pages, pamphlet form, was presented by Rev. Geo. W. Wood. The points considered are:

1. What *relations* do the missionaries, and the native churches, when formed, sustain toward each other?

2. Important practical questions, which come up under these relations.

3. Causes of the want of harmony which sometimes arises between missionaries and native Christians.

The report was, on motion of Dr. Wood, referred to a Special Committee of seven, with instructions to report to the Board. The following named gentlemen were appointed the Committee by the Chair: Dr. R. W. Patterson, D. D., Dr. S. Sweitzer, D. D., Rev. W. L. Gage, Rev. J. W. Dallas, Rev. E. L. Boing, Samuel M. Lane, Esq. and Benjamin B. Gaylord, Esq.

The Secretary, Mr. Means, announced that the Committee on New Members were requested to meet at the close of the morning session.

THE MONTHLY CONCERT.

A report on this subject, from the Prudential Committee, was next presented, by Dr. Clark. A valuable paper, in reference thereto, presented at the last annual meeting of the Board, and widely circulated during the year, had the effect to awaken fresh interest in the Concert. In order to become acquainted with the actual usage of the time, method, and results of observing the Concert, circulars were sent out soliciting information and suggestions on the various topics referred to. The results of these inquiries were presented in tabular form. The report says:

Of 845 churches, from whom full details have been received, 751 observe the Concert on the Sabbath, either as a third service in the evening, or as the second service of the day; 98 on a week-day evening, in most cases at the first regular prayer-meeting of the month. The *recommendations* as to time correspond very nearly with actual usage. Much embarrassment is felt, and the concert has been given up in repeated instances, in consequence of the increasing practice, particularly in the Middle and Western States, of holding the second service of public worship in the evening. A compromise is sometimes effected by a missionary sermon, or by a collection, or, better still, by changing the second service into a Concert. The number of churches which take up a collection at one of the public services on the Sabbath, instead of doing so at the evening concert, is rapidly increasing, especially in the country; till already about one-fifth of all reported have adopted this practice. In the country, also, the second service on the Sabbath is beginning to be employed as a Concert, sometimes alternating on successive months with the communion service, when that is held in the afternoon.

In a majority of instances the Concert is not now strictly confined to Foreign Missions, but embraces all forms of Christian activity, at home as well as abroad,—everything that relates to the progress of the kingdom of Christ in the world. The average attendance is about the same as at other meetings held at the same place, while the aggregate attendance is increased by making the concert take the place of the second service on the Sabbath, or of the regular prayer-meeting of the week.

There is the greatest variety, also, in method of conducting the Concert, and in its success as a means of interesting the people.

The returns made to the circulars bring out clearly two facts: first, that the Monthly Concert, as now generally observed, not only fails to excite popular interest, but does not even enlist the sympathy of the great body of the church; and, secondly, that it can be made a success, as is shown in repeated instances.

I. *The fault is not in the cause.* The necessities of perishing millions, the propitiation for the sins of the world; the command, the promise, the marvels of grace and of faith, the triumphs of the gospel over every form of error, superstition and philosophy, in every race and clime, the rapidly developing Providencies in harmony with, and in aid of, Christian missions, the consecration and the self-denial of noble souls, the conflict and the coming glory—these are all realities that grow not old to the loving Christian heart.

II. *We are not beyond the need of prayer.* Human agencies have their place; science, the arts, the material and social results of the gospel, may meet and overcome the lower forms of social life—make men ashamed of their old ways, but the distinctively spiritual work remains. That which is born of the flesh is flesh. In all true Christian work, the last word is from above. The new creation is from God. Our one supreme object is to bring men under the regenerating influences of the Holy Ghost. Civilization is good, but the new birth is better; and the highest civilization and culture follow in the train of the gospel.

What is needed to make it a success? That question is answered in the replies received to the circulars.

1. It must be made a meeting for *prayer*.

2. *Missionary Intelligence* must be intermingled with the devotions of the hour. This cannot be done with interest and profit, without careful preparation. General remarks on the subject of missions will not meet the necessity. The Concert is not a preaching service.

3. It must generally devolve on the pastor to communicate intelligence. If there are suitable laymen to take part in it, they should be employed; but it cannot be done successfully without a continued study of missionary operations and their results, from year to year.

A few additional suggestions on other points may be added, based on replies received.

1. The *Name* of the Concert should indicate an interest in all Christian enterprises, at home or abroad, whether it be called the Monthly Concert of prayer for the conversion of the world, or the Monthly Meeting of prayer for the progress of the kingdom of Christ.

2. *Time.* Literal unity of time, the world over, is simply impossible, for geographical reasons, and impracticable even in any one country, because of the peculiar circumstances of different localities. The prime object is to secure united interest and prayer in behalf of evangelical efforts. This is the idea of the Concert, and could it be carried out in unity of form and time, and be made literally a *Concert* of all who love our Lord—millions of Christian hearts, in many lands and languages, raising to God the same prayer at the same hour, and in substantially the same form,—it would be a pleasing thought to many minds.

From the returns received, it appears that about seven-eighths of the churches observe the Concert on the Sabbath, and nine-tenths of these on the first Sabbath of the month. To secure the greatest unity of time, and to follow the usage of the great body of the churches, the first Sabbath evening of the month may be recommended.

3. *Method.* There is no one method sure of success. Very much depends upon the interest, preparation, and tact of the pastor; much upon the missionary intelligence of his people; much too upon the assistance the pastor can secure from the brethren; and the form must be adapted to meet these varying conditions.

The method which seems to find most favor, when practicable, is for the pastor to preside, and to assign different fields, or different benevolent objects, to different individuals, on which to report at the Concert; the pastor taking part himself, or reserving his time to allude to items omitted, or to gather up results, or to make special application at the close. Success here turns largely on the skill and tact of the reporters. They will make or mar the Concert; and sometimes the only escape is for the pastor to limit the time of each, or to present the intelligence himself, at intervals in the meeting, with a stanza or two, and a prayer from some one of the brethren, after each specific report. Some pastors find the Concert the best means of developing the speaking powers of their young men, and regard should be had to the importance of training reporters, and of educating them in mission knowledge; but not to the sacrificing of the Concert. The exercises may be varied to advantage by an occasional sermon from the pastor, or a paper from some member of the Church, male or female, giving the history of some one mission, with biographical notices of missionaries connected with it; or an evening may be given to one mission and then to another, in turn, in order to secure a more thorough acquaintance with each.

4. *Collections.* The collection is justly regarded by many pastors as a means of grace. Some would despair of the Concert without it. A few are afraid of it. The practice of taking up the collection at one of the public services on the Sabbath is specially commended, particularly in those congregations where but few, comparatively, can attend an evening meeting. It is but just to give all an opportunity to attest their sense of the worth of the gospel and their desire to extend its blessings to others.

5. *Helps.* The library of every church should have works on missionary topics; as the methods and results of missionary labor, histories of missions, biographies of missionaries, and maps illustrative of mission fields. The one great want of the churches is just and accurate knowledge of the Christian work in progress at home and abroad, and a *personal* interest in the missionaries. Let this be secured, and we need have no fear of any lack of general interest, or of means to carry forward the Christian enterprise of the church. Prayer would become specific, intelligent, earnest; and each different corps in the sacramental host would do its proper work, in securing the final triumph of the kingdom of Christ.

On motion of Mr. Clark, the paper was referred to a Special Committee of seven to be appointed by the chair, with instructions to report at the afternoon session, and the discussion of the report was made the special order of business for the session. The chair appointed the following named gentlemen on the Committee: Rev. S. B. Canfield, D.D., J. B. Condit, D. D., Hon. C. N. Olds, Rev. A. N. Clark and Rev. Geo. B. Street.

The congregation then united in singing the thirteenth hymn, commencing

"My soul be on thy guard,
Ten thousand foes arise;"

At the conclusion of which Rev. Jonathan F. Stearns, D.D., of Newark, delivered an eloquent and impressive prayer.

JAPAN AS A MISSIONARY FIELD.

Rev. C. W. Treat, D. D., presented a report on the proposed occupation of Japan as a Missionary field, which also emanated from the Prudential Committee.

For several years the Prudential Committee have had their thoughts directed to the Japanese Islands, and indeed ever since the treaty of Commodore Perry, the question of sending missionaries to that Empire has been before them, but heretofore the reasons in favor of the measure have seemed to be inconclusive. Now, however, they seem to call for immediate action, and the decision of the Board is submitted:

1. *That the people of Japan need the Gospel is painfully obvious.* As we look out upon these millions, we are compelled to write above them all, "Without God in the world," "dead in trespasses and sins." It would be wrong to say that they are without religion. In fact, they have three religions: Sintooism, their ancient faith. Confucianism and Boodhism. But we find nothing, anywhere, which ensures morality in this life or holiness in the life to come. True, there is much to admire in their manners, much to respect in their social arrangements. Their country is one of extraordinary richness and attractiveness.

2. *Catholicism is eager to become the dominant faith.* No sooner had certain Portuguese adventurers, driven from their course by the storms of those eastern seas, discovered Japan, than the work of conversion began. Francis Xavier went thither at an early day; and though his stay was brief, and though his life soon terminated, like a brilliant meteor, in loneliness, disappointment, and gloom, the succession of Jesuit priests continued unbroken, till they were driven from the land, with Franciscans, Dominicans, Augustinians, and the work which had seemed so hopeful, was utterly destroyed. It may not be easy to account for a persecution, so ruthless, so fatal. But if the rulers of Japan believed all that the Jesuits and friars charged upon each other, and all that the Spaniards and Portuguese charged upon each other, they had abundant reasons for alarm.

In the changes which are taking place among the Japanese there is much to encourage Protestant endeavors. Since the opening of a few ports to the Western Powers, there have been frequent commotions and conflicts; and the end is not yet. It was not to be expected that middle-age feudalism, without a struggle, would surrender its cherished privileges, and accept instead western ideas of liberty and progress. It has been a long journey from James I. to Queen Victoria. But the rulers of Japan have entered the self-same pathway; and they must have learned by this time that their final halting-place lies in the distant future. Soon, we cannot doubt, there will be an open door for the preaching of the Word. Possibly the old edicts of persecution may remain uncancelled. Still the era of toleration cannot be far away; and any steamer from Nippon to San Francisco may tell us that religious freedom has already dawned.

3. *There is additional encouragement in the nature of the field.* The religion of Japan, it is hoped, will offer less resistance to missions than that of India or China. Already the missionary societies which were first on the ground, have attained to the joy of the reaper in the day of harvest. At this early stage of their warfare, a few, apparently, have cast away their idols, and chosen instead the only living and true God.

There are considerations of special significance and force which plead for *American* missions in this empire.

1. There is *the argument from proximity.* Whenever we look from our Pacific coast due West, the eye rests upon Japan as our nearest neighbor. We embark at San Francisco, and the first stopping place is Yokohama!

2 We should never forget that *our own government opened Japan to the Christian world.* It was meet that it should be so. When Marco Palo returned from his long sojourn in the East, nearly six hundred years ago, he told his countrymen of a large island lying off the coast of China. The name of this island, he said, was Zipangu, or Sunrise-Kingdom. He produced a map, drawn by himself, and pointed out on the shore-line of the Yellow Sea these memorable words, "There is a great island to the East." Columbus believed the tale. And when he sailed from Spain, in 1492, it was for this very island of Zipangu. When he landed at Cuba, he fondly dreamed that he had reached it. But instead of the island which he sought, he was lifting the veil from a continent!

And now the millions whom God has placed on this self same continent, and whom he is calling so manifestly to the noblest of all human endeavors, turn their thoughts to the old Sunrise-Kingdom. With words of peace and amity they knock for admission; and lo! the iron gates, closed so rudely and so long, turn back on their reluctant hinges. To unlock the doors which have been shut for ages against the civilized world, must always be reckoned a deed of honor and praise; still nobler is it, however, to set them wide open for all comers, through all time.

3 *European missionary societies, apparently, are leaving Japan to our American societies.* They are far away; and were they to occupy the land, their missionaries, it is not unlikely, would cross the United States to reach their destination.

4. *The honor of our American Protestantism pleads for earnest endeavors to evangelize the Japanese.* It would be a great mistake to regard them as ignorant of the Christian faith. The labors of the Jesuits and others, though a long series of years, are a part of the national history. The bickerings and rivalries, the intrigues and conspiracies of these emissaries of a foreign potentate—all have a place in the public archives. The points of agreement between Romanism and Boodism, so obvious as to have proved a sore perplexity and a sorer scandal to many a priest and monk, are well remembered.

The Committee propose for the consideration of the Board the question, "Shall we resolve to participate, without delay, in the work of evangelizing Japan?" Besides the arguments already adduced, there are others which have a special bearing upon ourselves.

1. *Our place among the missionary societies of the United States.* Being the oldest and largest organization in our country, it ill becomes us to say that we will do nothing for a nation, so near to us, and half as populous as our own, but leave the entire burden for others to bear. Our Presbyterian brethren entered upon the work with a promptitude which did them honor. Our Dutch Reformed brethren soon followed. Let us hasten to strengthen their hands and cheer their hearts.

2. In view of the changes occurring in our earliest missions, *we need a new field for our efforts.* The work at the Sandwich Islands is moving forward to its completion. Our missions among the North American Indians, from causes beyond our control, are greatly reduced. Within the last year, the death of our honored and lamented brother, Dr. King, has ended our labors in Greece. Other modifications are sure to come. In truth, progress in missions implies and necessitates change, not only in plans, but in fields. Let us accept this law of our enterprise with courage and satisfaction; and let us proceed to fill up our latest vacancy by substituting for the kingdom of Greece the empire of Japan.

3. The constituency of the Board is equal, and more than equal to the undertaking. To discuss, indeed, the question of ability would be idle and puerile. Our Sabbath schools were they properly organized as auxiliaries, without other work to do, could support all our missions!

It may be said that the Committee is constrained, almost every year, to speak of a threatened deficit. But why? *For lack of systematic, well organized giving.* The cure for this evil is with the churches; and it must come from a more thorough sympathy with the work of missions in all its vastness and all its urgency.

In submitting the case to the wisdom of the Board, the Committee beg leave to add, that should the decision be in favor of the undertaking herein suggested, a young brother, in whom they have entire confidence, is ready to proceed by the next steamer from San Francisco, and inaugurate the enterprise. The son of a former Secretary, who was obliged to resign his post twenty-one years ago, because of injuries received in the discharge of his official duties, and the grandson of Jeremiah Evarts, the worthy successor of Worcester, as also the able expounder of Indian treaties, and the fearless defender of Indian rights, he will take with him the affectionate sympathies of thousands of Christian hearts. The question is in your hands. Shall we place Japan upon our list of mission fields, or shall we not?

The report was referred to the following Special Committee: Professor J. Bartlett, Hon. A. C. Barstow, Rev. Wm. Warren, D. T. Coit, M. D, Jason Sexton, Esq, Rev. C. K. Bliss and Rev. L. T. Chamberlain.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report, the congregation sung the first verse of the 17th Hymn, commencing

"Shall we, whose souls are lighted,"

After which a beautiful and impressive special prayer, relating to the subject of Dr. Treat's report, was delivered by Prof. Bartlett, of Chicago.

After announcing the names of special committees and the transaction of some routine business, the 15th Hymn was sung by the congregation, commencing as follows:

"Over the realms of Pagan darkness
Let the eye of pity gaze."

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Marietta, Ohio, Chairman of the Committee to Nominate Committees, reported as follows:

Committee on the Treasurer's Report—Hon. W. A. Buckingham, Douglass Putnam, Thaddeus Fairbanks, James W. Weir, and Richard Edwards.

Home Department—Rev. J. F. Stearns, D.D., Gen. William Williams, Rev. Alvan Toby, D D., Gen. S. L. Brown, Rev. James Shaw, D D.

Missions to Syria and Greece—Rev. H. A. Quint, D D., C. C. Coffin, Rev. G. W. Phillips, Rev. A. T. Purson, Rev. E. O. Bartlett.

Mission to Western Turkey.—Rev. A. B. Robbins, D. D., Rev. David Malin, D. D., Rev. James H. Taylor, George W. Root, Rev. R. H. Leonard.

Mission to Central and Eastern Turkey.—Rev. T. H. Robinson, D. D., Rev. D. Oliphant, Rev. Ansel R. Clark, Rev. S. P. Hildreth, S. R. Holmes.

Nestorian Mission.—Rev. C. Bloodgett, D. D., Rev. J. F. Kendall, Hon. John G. Foote, Rev. E. W. Noble, Rev. W. W. Davenport.

Mahratta Mission.—Rev. Daniel March, D D., Rev. I. N. Spargler, D. D., J. B. Bittinger, D. D., Elias F. Foote, M. D., Charles Chandler, M. D.

Madura Mission—Rev. J. W. Wellman, D. D., Hon. Richard Border, D. R. Holt, Esq., Rev. B. W. Chidlaw, Rev. J. F. Tuttle, D. D., Rev. Hubbard Lawrence.

Ceylon Mission—Rev. E. P. Goodwin, D. D., Nathan Durfee, M. D, Rev. Lavalette Perrin, D. D., W. D. Walcot, Esq, Rev. W. D. Rosseter.

China Mission—Hon. John B. Page, Rev. J. G. Atterbury, D. D., Rev. G. B. Wilcox, Rev. John M'Leod, Rev. James A. Bates.

African Missions—Rev. James H. Fairchild, D. D., Aaron Carter, Esq., Rev. Charles C. Kimball, Horace Stillman, Esq., Rev. E. B. Clark.

Sandwich Islands and Micronesia Mission—Rev. Thomas Wilkes, D. D., Rev. Samuel C. Daman, D. D., Hon. Charles Noble, Ebenezer Alden, M. D., John W. Danielson, Esq.

Missions to North American Indians—Hon. Samuel Wolcott, D. D., John Stoddard, Esq., Zebulon S. Ely, Esq, Rev. George P. Folson.

Committee on the Officers of the Board.—Louis Chapin, Hon. Richard Bordon, Rev. Henry B. Hooker, D. D., Rev. T. P. Field, Rev. H. L. Hitchcock, D. D.

Mr. Field moved to take a recess until half past ten o'clock, which was adopted and after singing the long metre doxology to the tune "Old Hundred" in which the entire congregation joined, the meeting adjourned.

The Mothers' Meeting.

In the morning at half-past nine o'clock a Mother's Meeting was held in the First Church, which was largely attended and was a very interesting occasion. None but ladies were allowed to participate in the exercises, which consisted of reading reports, addresses, singing and prayers, and other miscellaneous business of a routine character. The meeting continued until noon, and was highly enjoyed by all in attendance.

Afternoon Session.

Convened at three o'clock and was opened with singing the twenty-first hymn

"Oh Lord Our God arise,
The cause of truth maintain."

Rev. Mr. Kendall, of Columbus, Ohio, led the audience in Prayer.

The Secretary read an invitation from the Secretary of the Safe Deposit Company, inviting the members of the Board to visit and inspect their building. Accepted and filed.

MONTHLY CONCERTS.

Rev. Dr. Canfield, with a few introductory remarks upon the inability of the Committee to prepare an elaborate report for want of time, presented the report of the Committee in relation to monthly concerts as follows:

Your Committee cordially commend the paper on the Monthly Concerts as embodying facts and suggestions of vital importance and as eminently worthy of publication and of earnest perusal by both ministers and laymen.

The following things brought to view in that paper, merit special attention at this time:

1. The great truth of our dependence on the Holy Spirit and on the favoring providence of Him who, as Head of the Church, hath all power in heaven and in earth, needs to be not only known but deeply felt, so as to lead us to fervent prayer and to a zealous fulfilment of all the conditions of Divine aid in Christianizing the world.

2. The great interest with which our missionaries look upon the manner and spirit with which our churches treat the monthly Concert of Prayer as an index of our estimate of the worth of missions and of the probability or improbability of their own success—an interest intensified by so many obstacles insuperable to human might, and vividly reminding them of the need of prayer for the Almighty Spirit's help.

3. The tabular statement as to the usage of the churches in regard to the time, method and results of observing the Concerts.

4. The *desirableness* of uniformity so far as may be practicable in respect to the time of giving the Concert the place of the second service on the first Sabbath in each month.

5. The way to render the Monthly Concert interesting and instructive to the greatest number whilst retaining its distinctive characters as a Concert of prayer.

The gentlemen followed the reading of the report with an address on the importance of trusting in God for success in their work. It was one thing to have this in theory, but it must also be a power in the heart, quickening and energizing every effort. The history of the Church in the past had shown that at all times the Lord had been its helper, and through difficulties, trusting in His strength, she had come off victor. So it would be in the cause of missions.

There were many and seemingly unsuperable difficulties to be overcome, but these will pass away before him. Take for instance the languages. In China it had been thought an almost insurmountable barrier to the progress of the missionary work. But God can take this difficulty and sweep it away. The Chinese can be made to understand the great truths, as Brainard, years ago, brought the light and knowledge of God to the benighted, besotted Indian. How was this to be done? By human agencies working in behalf of God. Men inspired by love for the work can bring out the language and so fit and prepare themselves that they may have influence and power over the hearts and minds of the people, and so it would be in all the work. It must always be accompanied by prayer. It then seems eminently fitting that, as dependence upon the progress of the work is placed in prayer, it shows how necessary it is for a concert of prayer, and such the committee in their report had thought should receive greater attention from the Ceurch. As to making the concert interesting any who read Dr. Condit's paper on the subject, and acted in sympathy with the ideas there evolved, can make any concert of prayer full of interest.

Hon. Wm. E. Dodge, of New York, said we needed these monthly concerts. It seemed when the members of the church set out into the world, and engaged in the secular work of life, we are apt to forget the claims of the missionary cause upon them, and we need the cause brought up oftener to public attention. Such is the purpose of the concert, from which all can derive renewed strength and inspiration.

Hon. Mr. Owens, of Ohio, was the next speaker, who said he had been requested to speak in behalf of the laymen. He had been much interested in reading the reports of the Committees having the work in charge during the past two years, and he had been struck with one or two considerations. The first was the fact as stated, that as a general rule the interest in those meetings was not what it should be. This might be accounted for on the fact that even in the churches there was considerable skepticism on the power and influence of prayer. Upon prayer depended, as had been said, the success of the work. Now if God's word be true at all, then it follows that God has laid upon his people the responsibility for the result of their work. This is a solemn thought connected with this monthly concert of prayer. If the church of God thoroughly believed in, and acted upon the invincible power and efficacy of prayer, then the monthly concert would certainly be a success. How much was the Board indebted to the power of prayer the reports of the financial troubles, of the Board during its history showed. How did we succeed here? As has been recorded it was brought about by prayer. This is a standing miracle unless explained by the fact that God hears prayer and thus works through human agencies, of that which otherwise seems marvellous. There is no parallel in the annals of the world for the sublime assurance of their faith than that given in the action of the Board going into the work of spending for the support of the cause, over half a million dollars without a dollar in the Treasury and no single resource for the procurement of the funds necessary, and yet so has the Board gone forward in the work for years, spending annually this amount, and trusting to faith in God, and the liberality of the Church as God's steward, and what has been the result? The Board has never been in discredit. During the Crimean war their drafts were accepted at a premium above those of Baring Bros., the great London bankers. During all our national struggle their drafts, in continental Europe, where the wish was father to the thought, that our national existence might be blotted out, there these drafts were accepted as the highest security, and always brought a premium. These foreign people had faith in the American Churches. In this view then, how important becomes the monthly concerts. They can be made a success and are capable of the highest success, if the people of God but felt the importance of the work. If any church will send a missionary to the foreign lands that church will never let the missionary spirit die out. The great want of the Church is a just and accurate appreciation of the nature of the work, and then a missionary at work in the field. Then that church will always have something to pray for and her monthly concerts of prayer will be a success.

This subject is vitally important to the Church. First, we should have faith in the efficacy of prayer; second, united effort, and then a missionary in the field With these the monthly Concerts will always be interesting and profitable. A regular time should be set apart for the meetings. Once a month on a Sunday evening would be sufficient. Then the people could all be gathered, and spending an hour in the cause, could not retire without renewed interest in the Missionary work.

The audience then united in singing

"I love Thy Kingdom, Lord,
The house of Thine abode."

Rev. O. P. Allen, of Eastern Turkey, said that what had been said had been well said. The Monthly Concert is vital at home in America, but it is also vital to the interests of the work in which we are interested in other lands. First, because missionary concerts will produce missionaries as he could testify from his own experience and other missionaries' could also testify the same. He remembered well when he was a student at Amherst, the good old President, Dr. Hitchcock, held monthly concerts which he attended without any special purpose, but his heart began to be acted upon. At first he didn't want to become a missionary but at last he saw his duty entered the work and found peace and joy therein.

The concert is needed as much for increasing the efficiency as well as the numbers of those in the field. When they know that earnest, fervent prayer is going up for them, they feel encouraged, and can work harder and with more heartiness. It also exercises a vital influence upon the native Christians in foreign lands. He himself had seen the interest felt by the people of Turkey when they were told that every month Christians in America met together to pray for them.

But these are only incidental advantages which have been mentioned. The great need of these Monthly Concerts is because prayer is a good and necessary thing. In many passages in the book of Hebrews we can see what prayer can do. We need this Concert *chiefly* because of the power available through prayer.

A few years ago, when a few missionaries were met together in India to think and consult together concerning their work, one of them suggested that it would be a good thing to try and have concerted prayer throughout the world to help them, and from that arose not only these Monthly Concerts, but also the blessed annual week of prayer, of which we have all seen the effects.

And thus we must unite in earnest prayer for the salvation of the dying. Prayer would do anything, for have we not the promise of our Lord that "when two or three are gathered together in my name I will be in their midst?"

Dr. Foote thought he was probably the oldest member of the society present, and as such would give a little of his experience. He thought churches would all do well to adopt the recommendation of Dr. Condit, but there were two ways of doing this. Once during the past year he had visited a monthly concert, where the pastor first made a prayer, a good one, but not to the point, and very long. A deacon then read a very long extract from the *Herald*, good enough, but neither pointed nor brief. Another long prayer was followed by the collection which closed the meeting. Another time he was at a Monthly Concert in another town, where short prayers, short addresses, everything short, concise and to the purpose, and the contrast was great. The difficulty often is that the proceedings are too long and diffuse, and not enough to the point. The pastor and the elders monopolize the work, and do not give the people a part of the work and therefore there is not that feeling of interest which there should be. Deep feeling is necessary and hearts are as much wanted as money.

Mr. Albree said the great efficacious power for carrying on the work was the prayer of faith of God's redeemed people. For twenty-five years he had been a regular attendant upon these monthly concerts, and had observed every method used to keep up the interest, and thought them all failures. What was the use of these meetings if they had to be carried on by mechanical rule? What was required, was an earnest desire for the salvation of souls, and then the prayers would be fervent, interesting and profitable, and none would fail to take pleasure in attending the meetings.

Rev. Mr. Potter, of New York, said the one thing necessary was more thought on the subject of these monthly prayer meetings. He related an instance of a member in his church whom he alway relied upon. He was always thinking of the cause and endeavoring to procure funds, and increase the interest in the meeting. He made it subject in his family circle and in his business intercourse with the world. By this means he always succeeded in making his monthly prayer meetings intereresting and practicable.

Rev. Dr. Kendall, of New York, said he had seen enough of the missionaries to say that he thought if the whole of them were brought here and were asked what they desired most to assist them in their work, they would quickly say, "Brethren, pray for us." This was what they desired and upon which they depended for their success. The question then was with members of the Church, of consecration to God and his service. Then the prayers made in the interest of this as well as other causes, would be the outgushings of a fervent, devout heart and as such will have power with God. The whole history of the people of God showed the blessedness and power of prayer, and was a continuous lesson of the reverence and faith which His people should have in this means, Members of the Church should endeavor to imbue the Church and themselves with the influence of a personal appeal, and should be taught to ask and answer the question of personal spiritual interest in the cause, All should ask themselves, are we willing to enter into sympathy in spirit with those means which are put forward for the salvation of men? With this spirit they could go home again and be assured of greater efficiency in their work, in the coming year.

The discussion was here closed and the report adopted. Several announcements for the evening services and meetings of Committees were then made.

The Chairman read a letter from George H. Stuart of Philadelphia, regretting his inability to be present at the meeting and introducing Rev Saml. Tower, of Birkenhead, England.

The audience were dispersed after the singing of the Doxology.

Hymenial.

A very interesting episode in the exercises was a marriage ceremony, which occurred in the First Church at two o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The auditorium was literally packed with a brilliant audience of ladies and gentlemen who somehow had learned the secret, and thus manifested their interest in the exercises.

The happy groom was Rev. Andrew P. Happer, Missionary to Canton, China, and the bride Miss A. L. Elliott, of Montours, Allegheny county. The service was performed in a felicitous manner by the Rev. C. C. Beatty, of Steubenville, Ohio, assisted by the Rev. J. J. Beacom and Dr. S. F. Scovel.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the bride received the congratulations of a

(Continued from First Page.)

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Political Situation—Growing Interest in the Election—The Republicans Gaining Enthusiasm—Riotous Proceedings of the Democratic Roughs—The Registry—The Election Cases—Estimates—The Freshet.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, October 4, 1869.

East of the mountains the campaign is daily growing more animated. A corps of efficient speakers, of whom Senators Wilson and Thayer and Gen. Billy Williams, of Indiana, are the leaders, from abroad, have been constantly expounding the Republican doctrines to large and appreciative audiences wherever they have spoken. Although this energetic prosecution of the interests of the Republican party will be kept up with the same vigor until the very day of the election, it is designed to make the present week one specially devoted to the western sections of the State.

The Democratic game of working quietly does not appear to be attended with the large results expected, and there is an evident growing apathy on their side in regard to the results. The Republicans never were in better spirits. There is every indication that the full, or very nearly so, vote will be brought out, and no cases have come up showing disaffection or coldness. The opposition would have it believed that there is open riot in the Republican camp, and that there exists a universal gravitation towards the Democratic ranks. The State Committee in this city are busy night and day making arrangements for speakers, and sending them out to enlighten the people. Large numbers of documents are constantly being sent to postmasters for distribution.

The Democrats of Philadelphia are evidently getting demoralized over the tendency of affairs against them, and are turning their attention to that peculiar logic which, during many years of their party existence, they have resorted to on occasions of a desperate condition of things. The party is making no public demonstrations in the pending canvass for several very decided reasons; the principal is, as they admit, the Democratic party insists upon forgetting the past. This is one of those gentle and modest wishes for which the party has been particularly distinguished at all times. It would certainly be very convenient to them to have the past forgotten. As has been said before, it would be suicidal for the American people to forget the past. There would indeed be a great hope of enlightenment if the Democratic party could forget the past, but it is probable should the people so far forget their interests as to give them a chance to get into power, they would then not long forget the past. Their past is too black with the responsibilities of bringing on the rebellion and its attendant sufferings and sacrifices to be forgotten.

Although the Democrats are making no public demonstration in a legitimate sense, during the past week, their representatives have been publicly exhibiting themselves on occasions of Republican meetings. Last Monday night, at the great meeting on Broad street, a detachment appeared on the outskirts of the crowd, and commenced a series of disturbances, which fortunately were quelled by the presence of the Invincibles, who charged down the streets under a shower of bricks and stones. On last Thursday, another occurrence of a more serious nature took place, and on Friday night this feeling culminated in determined and disastrous conflict. The Keystone Democratic Club, who were parading for the first time, and a number of spectators of the Invincibles who were returning home from their own parade, were the active participants, the difficulty growing out of cheers on the part of the Keystone members for Packer, and groans from the Invincibles and spectators on the sidewalks. At one time the fray which occurred in front of the Mayor's Office on Chestnut street, looked rather serious. After nearly an hour at pistol shooting, clubbing, fisticuffing and swearing, order was restored, and a number of wounded men, some seriously, were carried off the field. During all this trouble four or five police remained on the ground striving to stay the disorder; another detachment took to their heels at the first fire, and during the rest of the engagement were busily occupied in barricading the police station near by. There seems to be no question of the charge that the police were in league with the Keystone Club. The city of Philadelphia never was under worse government; never, in the same length of time, more crime, vice and corruption existed. Mob law reigns supreme. A pack of bullies have gotten hold of the affairs of the municipal government and they are using their power to intimidate the less bold and to put down by force of authority, physically, all who take a stand against this state of things. The citizens, very generally, are getting tired and ashamed of the capers of the present officials.

The registry of voters in the city having been completed, lists are expected to be made out showing the number thus eligible to vote. In some of the wards it is mentioned there is a material falling off.

The settlement of the contested election cases, which has been impatiently expected for some days, has not yet been announced. The prevailing impression is that all the contested cases will be pronounced adverse to the present incumbents, except one or two. The fears are that the matter will be so long delayed that the present mob will continue to rule on the day of the election. This fact is looked upon with some misgiving, and fears are entertained of serious conflicts if the parties in power attempt to carry out some of their expressed resolves to carry the city at all hazards.

Judging from the general expression of opinion among prominent citizens and leaders of the masses, the city will go Republican by several thousand. The overthrow of the roughs in power, by giving the true sentiment of the community an opportunity to come out, would unquestionably increase the majority. In regard to the contested election cases, which seem to interpose such serious danger of collision and trouble, a large number of citizens already declare if the matter is not soon disposed of in one way or another, they will soon bring it to a determination by a vigilance committee. The Judges certainly have been trifling long enough.

The rival candidates for Governor this week have been circulating pretty freely among the people. Geary is indefatigable flying from one point to another making speeches and urging the voters to come to the polls. He displays a wonderful amount of energy and physical force, speaking in the day time and traveling at night. He is ubiquitous and tireless. His energy and own enthusiasm is unquestionably having a good effect; the people appreciate it, and wherever he goes he draws large crowds.

Packer, during the past week, visited the Agricultural Fairs at Allentown, Reading and Harrisburg. His presence inspired but little excitement in the vast assemblage of people present to witness those exhibitions of the skill and prosperity of the farmer and the mechanic during the past year.

The prospects of the approaching test of public sentiment upon the important issues of the hour are favorable to a Republican majority not less than twelve thousand. According to a fair table of estimated majorities, the vote will be about evenly balanced in the counties east of the mountains; those west, taken at a lower figure than usual, are expected to give a result fully up to twelve thousand.

The inhabitants of the Schuylkill and Lehigh valleys are now experiencing a disastrous freshet. The Schuylkill has risen at least thirteen feet, carrying away bridges, dwellings, outhouses, canal boats, crops, in fact everything. The Schuylkill Navigation Company Canal is completely submerged, and in many places the locks have broken through. It is hardly probable that navigation will be resumed this season. The trains on the Reading road and its branches have not been running all day, and it is hardly probable that they will have repaired the damage done to portions of the road, so that trains can run earlier than to-morrow afternoon. The loss of property will be immense. The loss of life so far as heard is small. The more fortunate of the people are doing all in their power to alleviate the discomforts of the houseless by affording them shelter and food. All the furnaces and rolling mills built upon the low ground have stopped, the water having entered and put out the fires. When the water will have subsided, the scene will unquestionably present a picture of desolation, extending from one end of the valley to the other. K.

STATE ITEMS.

THE grading on the Chartiers Valley Railroad has progressed to Canonsburgh, and track-laying will shortly be commenced.

AT Logansville, Clinton county, on the 29th ult., thirty four barrels of "Sugar Valley Whisky" were found concealed and seized by the Collector at Lock Haven. The owner, Dr. Samuel Adams, was arrested and held in $2,000 to appear at Pittsburgh, at the U. S. Circuit Court, in November.

AT Pittston, Luzerne county, on Friday of last week, William Atherton was racing his horse against a train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, on an avenue parallel with the track, when at a crossing the animal became unmanageable and ran against the train. The horse was instantly killed, and the rider so badly injured that he died next day.

W. H. MORGAN, Treasurer of St. David's Society, at Philadelphia, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling about nine thousand dollars, the funds of the Society. He acknowledged to a committee of the Society that the money and convertible stock of the Society had been spent as far back as five years ago, and that he had never been able to make up the deficit.

THE Philadelphia *Press* says: The new buildings on Independence Square will be, when completed according to the design to which the committee has awarded its approval, an imposing and magnificent pile. They will cover the entire four sides of the square. Independence Hall, of course, will be left untouched, the unsightly Row offices being torn away, so that it will stand out in better relief than at present."

PERSONAL.

BONNER's bid for a horse stands next to that of Richard III, though there was a panic in the market at that time.

BRICK POMEROY is lying very low at his residence in New York, from congestion of the lungs, aggravated by bilious intermittent fever.

REV. EDWARD P. ROE announces a new lecture, in which he relates how General Grant obtained secret information through scouts, and by other means, of the movements of Gen. Lee's armies.

AARON TOWNE, a white man and a Yankee, who has shaved and trimmed Providence, Rhode Island, for the last forty years, was presented with an elegant silver tea service, last Monday, by his numerous patrons.

IT IS stated Charlotte Cushman is on her death bed. She was born in Boston July 23, 1816, and was only twelve when she became a vocalist for the support of her father's family. She sang at a concert with the celebrated Mrs. Wood, who pronounced her the finest contralto she had ever heard. The failure of her voice in opera drove her to the spoken drama, in which she soon became a favorite, and rapidly rose to an enviable fame in high comedy and tragedy. She has resided at Rome for several years past.

A NEW and very valuable anæsthetic has been discovered by Dr. Liebrich, of Berlin, we believe, to which has given the name of "Chloralhydrat." From the experiments made with it, the fact is ascertained that it produces a more complete state of unconsciousness than chloroform, without any of the latter's evil effects upon the system. A medical gentleman who gave it a very thorough trial alleges that he has held rabbits from twelve to fourteen hours under the influence of chloralhydrat, during a part of which time he kept them suspended over the back of a chair, and as soon as they wakened up they displayed their usual activity, and fed with unimpaired appetite. Great success has also attended its application as a sedative for the insane. Chloralhydrat resembles chloroform in appearance, but it is not so heavy, and being much less volatile than that body it has, of course, a feebler smell. On the tongue it has a sharp, but not an acid taste, and though it reminds of chloroform, it gives the sensation neither of the warmth nor sweetness of the latter substance. Chloralhydrat is absorbed and not inspired, and in this respect it differs from all other anæsthetics. When liquid ammonia is added to a solution of this body, chloroform is precipitated.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE Provident Institution for Savings, of Boston, has been supplied with a *seven ton* "welded-steel and iron" burglar proof safe.

A COLORED WOMAN found a pocket book containing nearly $5,000, belonging to ex-Mayor James, of Zanesville, Ohio, and on restoring it to the owner received $500 as a reward for her honesty.

JAMES HENDERSON, one of the building committee superintending the erection of the Presbyterian Church at Cadiz, Ohio, fell from a scaffolding, a distance of thirty feet, on Saturday last, receiving injuries of a serious character.

DURING the week ending on the 2d, 167 males and 628 females applied for employment at the Free Labor and Intelligence Bureau, in New York. Situations were offered to 113 males and 829 females, and situations procured for 102 males and 549 females.

RECENTLY a Mrs. Medley, residing near St. Mary's, Ky., while spinning, was poisoned by grease from wool coming in contact with a cut in one of her fingers. The hand and arm became inflamed, erysipelas set in, and death ensued.

THE Long Bridge, which connects Virginia and the District of Columbia at Washington, having been permanently repaired, travelers can now go from Jersey City to Memphis, New Orleans, and all points in Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia, Florida and Texas, via Alexandria and Lynchburg, by continuous rail.

IN June, 1868, Alonzo McCormick, of Brooklyn, in a fit of insanity, murdered his youthful wife. He shot himself afterward, and was taken to a lunatic asylum. About six months ago he was discharged and took up his residence at Newark, N. J., but went to Chicago, where he formed the acquaintance of a woman who went by the name of Belle. With her he removed to Buffalo, taking rooms at a hotel and passing under the name of Charles McDonnell. About two months ago he returned to Newark to get money from his father, and then revisited Buffalo, where he found Belle very sick, and attended her, and again visited Newark for more money. On his return to Buffalo he was shocked by the woman's action in deserting him, but he determined to make an effort to reclaim her, and on Wednesday he wrote her a touching letter. When told that she had torn his letter and scorned his overtures, he hastened to a drug store and swallowed poison.

[From the Evangelist.]

A Wonderful Phenomenon.

On the first day of September, 1859; two astronomers, one at Oxford, the other at London, were at the same time watching the spots on the disc of the sun, and both at the same moment saw certain strange bright patches of light break out in front of the cluster. So brilliant were they that the observers at first thought that the darkening screens attached to their telescopes must have become fractured. But this was found not to be the case. The bright spots indicated a process that was going on upon the sun's surface—a process so rapid that in five minutes the spots had traveled over a space of nearly 34,000 miles.

At the very same time that this was taking place, magnetic storms swept instantaneously—so subsequent observations proved—through both hemispheres of our globe. At Washington and Philadelphia the signal men in the telegraphic offices received sharp electric shocks; the tracing pen used in Bain's system of telegraphy was followed by a flame; and in Norway telegraph machinery was set on fire. Boreal and austral auroras were seen that night with unusual splendor, as the disturbed needle vibrated, waving their colored streamers in the heavens, insomuch that it was evident that the disturbance on the sun's surface had instantaneously communicated to the earth magnetic thrills which vibrated from pole to pole.

Nor is this all. There is a strange connection, oftentimes, between the action of these magnetic forces and the phenomena of earthquakes and volcanoes. Indeed, it has been recently argued that the cause of the latter is to be found, not in the subterranean fires of our globe, expanding vapors and giving them a destructive agency, but in the electricity communicated to our globe by the sun. But be this as it may, it is a startling fact that there is a force manifesting itself on the face of the sun simply as a brilliant light flashing over its surface, that can, through an interval of ninety-five millions of miles, instantaneously operate on our earth, blaze along our telegraphic wires, give electric shocks to the signal-men stationed by them, flash northern lights through the heavens, thrill the very globe from pole to pole with magnetic influences, disturb the repose of nature, and, perhaps, rock the solid earth as if its surface, in some places at least, were a mere scale on a boiling sea of fire.

ANY paper capable of the transfer of a drawing in ordinary ink, pencil or water-colors, and even stout drawing paper, can be made as transparent as the thin yellowish paper at present used for tracing purposes. The liquid used is benzine. If the paper is damped with pure and fresh-distilled benzine, it at once assumes a transparency, and permits of the tracing being made, and of ink or water-colors being used on its surface without any "running." The paper resumes its opacity as the benzine evaporates, and if the drawing is not then completed, the requisite portion of the paper must be again damped with the benzine. The transparent calico, on which indestructible tracings can be made, was a most valuable invention, and this discovery of the properties will prove of further service to many branches of the art profession, in allowing the use of stiff paper where formerly only a slight tissue could be used.

THE annual General Convention of Universalists in the United States met in Buffalo, New York, September 21. The attendance of delegates was large, and the proceedings were harmonious and give evidence of life. Next year is the Centenary of Universalism, and the Convention resolved to raise during the year a special centennial offering of two hundred thousand dollars, to be called the "Murray Cennial Fund." The denomination now have in the United States 792 societies, 588 ministers and 83 associations. About 1,450 pupils were in attendance during the past year at the various educational institutions of the denomination. The next Convention is to meet at Gloucester, Mass., where the first congregation was organized.

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62 1-2c. Angola Corded Repps 4-4.
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31c. to 62 1-2c, Black Alpacas, the best goods ever shown at these prices.
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Containing a list of Houses, Lots and Farms, &c., for sale. A copy can be procured GRATIS at their office, 39 Sixth Avenue.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 53 Market street, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. oc1

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, October, 6, 1869.

The oil market continues painfully quiet, with but little prospect at present of any immediate improvement. There is but little doing, the volume of business thus far this week having been unusnally light, and while there seems to be but little inclination to do anything in the present unsettled and unsatisfactory condition of affairs, there is, in fact, but little chance to operate, if there was an inclination. The fact that the season has so far advanced, without the long looked for improvement having been realized, is regarded as an unfavorable omen by many operators, as they begin to think that it is now too late for any important improvement this year. There are those, however, who are still sanguine of a better market and higher prices within the next ninety days, and to substantiate this, it is said that the stock in all of the leading foreign ports, according to the latest advices, was sixty-five per cent. below what it was at the corresponding time in 1868; it is also alleged that the expeditions recently have been large, and that the foreign demand this year will be larger than that of last year. Further, it is asserted that the deficiency above refered to, will have to be made up, and that if it is not made in October or November, it will be in December or January—the oil will be wanted.

CRUDE.

Market quiet and dull but without material change. Sales 2,500 bbls, to be delivered on first water at 14¾; 1,000 seller 10 days at 14¾; and 1,000 seller this month at 14¾. Seller all year nominal at 14@14¼; and buyer all year was reported as having been offered at 15.

REFINED.

But a single sale reported, 500 bbls last half this month at 32. Spot quoted at 31¾; last half October at 32@32¼; and October to December at 32¼. The shipments east are falling off again—there is still considerable going West and South.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Kiers Oil Works 1,162, on account H McKelvy; Liberty Oil Works 569, on account of Pool Bro; Commercial Oil Works 560, on account J V Foreman; Livingston Bro. 575, on account J Munhall; Holdship & Co. 560, on account H McKelvy; Fairview Oil Works 400; Waring King & Co. 560, on account Pool Bro; Jas Wilkins 240.

Total..... 4,617 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner 506 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 815 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Commercial Oil Co., 276 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 450 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 2,047

MARRETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Cotton a shade lower: sales of 3,000 bales at 27¾c for middling upland. Flour: receipts, 14,287 bbls.; a shade firmer on low grades, with rather more doing; sales of 10,600 bbls. at $6,50@6.75 for superfine state western, $5,95@6.50 for extra state, $5,90@6 for extra western, $6,45@6,6,65 for white wheat extra, $5.95@6,50 for round hoop Ohio, $6,25@7 for extra St. Louis, $7@9 for good choice do.; closing holders rather more disposed to realize, including 1,800 extra state and western for export at $5,90@6,10. Rye flour without decided change: sales of 350 bbls at $4,75@6,05. Corn meal quiet. Whisky dull and heavy: sales of 175 bbls. western at $1,18@1,20 free, latter price Iron bound. Wheat: receipts. 107,753 bush.; a shade firmer and rather more doing for export; sales of 138,000 bushels, at $1,16@1,18 for rejected No. 3 spring, $1,27@1,33 for inferior winter and red Illinois, $1,40@1,45 for common to prime winter red and amber western, and $1,55 for white Michigan. Rye quiet. Barley dull: barley malt in fair request: sales of 7,000 bush. state at $1,50@1,60, 1,000 bush. Canada West at $1,70: Receipts Corn 99,866 bush.: corn opened a shade firmer, and closed quiet without decided change; sales of 68,000 bus at 85@96 for unsound new mixed western, 98c@$1,05 for sound do. $1,06@1,06½ for high mixed nearly yellow, $1,07@1,12 for yellow western and $1,05 for white western. Receipts oats 19,681 bus: more active and firmer, sales of 96,000 bus at 60@62c for new southern and western, 62@64 for State. Sales of 2,000 bus Canada peas at $1,50 free. Rice firm. Coffee dull. Sugar steady; sales of 500 bbls Cuba at 11¾@12¼c. Molasses quiet. Petroleum quiet; 17c for crude and 31¾c for refined. Leather: hemlock sole in fair request at 30@35c for Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Wool quiet; sales of 150,000 pounds at 52½c for domestic fleece, 43@44c for pulled and 57½c for tubbed. Coal: foreign steady and in fair demand, domestic $7@7,50 and drooping. Linseed oil quiet at $1@1,02 in casks. Spirits Turpentine firm. Pork dull and heavy; sales of 800 bbls at $31@31,50 for mess, closing at $31 cash, $26@26,25 for prime and $29@29,50 for prime mess; also 500 bbls mess buyer October, at $30,75@31. Beef steady; sales of 125 bbls at $8,50@13,50 for new plain, $12@12,50 for new extra mess. Beef hams quiet with sales 60 bbls at $18@25. Cut Meats dull, with sales 125 packages at 14¾@15½c for shoulders, 19c for hams; sales 1,000 bbls city hams in bulk at 18¼c. Middles quiet, with sales 90 boxes ice cured at 17¼c. Lard quiet and unchanged, with sales 475 tierces at 16½@18c, chiefly 17¾c; steady at 18@18½c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet and firm at 20@28c for Ohio. Cheese quiet at 16@16½c. Freights to Liverpool firm, with 4,000 bush wheat at 8d per sail, and 10½d per steam. Sheathing Coppers steady at 32c. Ingot Copper quiet at 21¾@22c. Lake Pig Iron quiet and steady at 38@42c for Scotch, and 38@41c for American. Bar quiet at $8,50@8,75 for refined English and American. Sheet moderately active at 11@12c gold for Russia. Nails firm at 4¾c for cut, 6¼c for clinch, and 25@30c for horse shoe.

Latest—Flour closed quiet and slightly in buyers' favor. Wheat firm with fair export demand. Rye dull and unchanged. Oats a shade firmer with fair demand, chiefly speculative, at 62@62½c for western. Corn steady at 98c@$1,05 for sound mixed western. Pork dull and nominal at $30,75@31 for mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats dull and nominal. Bacon firm. Lard dull at 17⅝@17¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs 28@29c.

ST. LOUIS, October 6.—Tobacco active and buoyant on all grades. Cotton; nothing doing. Hemp steady and firm at $1,35 for undressed, and $2,30 for dressed. Flour quiet; superfine $4,50@4,75, extra $4,85@5,00, double extra $5,25 5,70, treble extra $5,75@6,00, and fancy $4,85@5,00. Wheat slow, with regular sales of No. 2 red fall at $1,05@1,08, No. 1 do. $1,10@1,15, choice $1,20@1,25, No. 2 white $1,10, choice $1,26; No. 2 Nebraska spring sold at 95@98c. Corn dull, except for choice yellow and white Michigan: all firmer, with sales of mixed in bulk at 73c, choice yellow 77@79c, mixed in sacks 79@80, choice yellow 83@85c, choice white 90@91c. Oats opened firmer but closed dull at yesterday's price, 43@43½c in elevator, and 48@50 for sacked. Barley steady for best qualities; low grades neglected, with sales at $1,10@1,50 for prime to choice spring, and $1,80@1,85 for fall. Rye dull at 82@83c for prime to choice. Whisky higher, with sales at $1,16. Groceries very quiet Rio Coffee 20½@24¼c, roasting to prime, and 25@25½c for strictly choice in first hands. Louisiana Sugar 13¼@14½c. Molasses unchanged at 50@70c for eastern, and 70c for Belcher's Louisiana. Rice 7½@9c. Mess Pork dull at $32,25@32,50. Dry salted meat firm at 15½c for shoulders, 18½c for clear rib sides, and 18½@18¾c for clear sides. Bacon active at 16¾c for shoulders, clear rib sides 20¼, and clear 20@20½c. Lard dull at 18@18½c for tierce, and 20c for keg. Receipts: 4,700 bbls flour, 30,316 bus wheat, 18,000 bus corn, 15,000 bus oats; 2,200 bus rye, 7,731 bus barley.

CHICAGO, October 6.—Eastern Exchange firm at 1-10 off buying, and 1-10 premium selling. Flour quiet at $4,37½@5,75 for spriug extras. Wheat quiet and unsettled: sales of No. 1 at $1,10@1,11, and No. 2 at $1,04½@1,05, closing at $1,04½. This afternoon the market was irregular at $1,04½@1,05 seller October, and $1,05@1,05½ seller last half for No. 2. Corn quiet: early sales No. 2 at 66½@66¾c, it subsequently became firmer and closed at 67; rejected quiet and firmer at 65@66c, closing at 66½c; no grade 64@64½c. This afternoon the market was quiet at 66¾c seller October, and 67½c seller last half for No. 2. Oats firmer at 39@40c for regular and strictly fresh receipts of No. 2, closing at 39¾c. Rye fairly active at 80@80½c for No. 1; No. 2 at 78@79c, rejected at 73½@75c, closing at 80c for No. 1 and 78c for No. 2. Barley; No. 2 dull and entirely nominal. Highwines: early sales were made at $1,09@1,11, closing with sellers at $1,12 and buyers at $1,12. Sugar 13½@15c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions inactive and nominal at $32,75@33 for mess pork; 17¾@18c for lard; 14¾@15c for dry salted shoulders; 17¼c for rough sides; 17¼c for sweet pickled hams. Freights are a shade lower at 6c on corn, 4c on oats, 8c on wheat to Buffalo. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours were 6,408 bbls flour, 84,288 bush wheat, 59,520 bush corn, 72,514 bush oats, 7,164 bush rye, 11,230 bush barley, 6,511 head of hogs. Shipments were 4,218 bbls flour, 35,543 bush wheat, 68,559 bush corn, 11,352 bush oats, 1,759 bush rye, 2,976 head of hogs.

BUFFALO, October 6.—Receipts; 1,700 bbls flour, 243,000 bush wheat, 151,000 bush corn, 16,000 bush oats, 9,000 bush barley. Shipments—43,000 bush wheat, 13,000 bush oats, 32,000 bush corn, 6 000 bush barley. Freights dull and firm; wheat 1sc, corn 15 and oats 9½c to New York. Flour neglected. Wheat nominal. Corn nominal at 78@83c. Oats inactive; held at 50c without bids. Rye neglected. Barley dull, with sales 5,600 bush Canada at $1,26¾, delivered. Pork and Lard dull and unchanged. Highwines nominal at $1,14.

LOUISVILLE, October 6.—Flour firm with demand of superfine at $5. Wheat; red $1,10 and white $1,20. Corn 95c. Oats 50c. Rye 90c. New Orleans sugar, prime, 14c. Rio Coffee, prime, 23½c. Prime New Orleans molasses 75c. Leaf tobacco firm and active, with sales of 133 hhds ranging from $7,10 to $18,25. Provisions quiet but firm. Mess pork $32. Bacon: shoulders 17c, sides 20¼c and clear sides 20¾c. Lard 19c. Whisky weak at $1,20.

OSWEGO, Oct. 6.—Flour unchanged: sales of 1,400 bbls. Wheat quiet: sales of 1,600 bus red Indiana at $1,30. Corn quiet: No. 2 held at 87c. Barley inactive and lower; large receipts and breaks in the canal gave buyers the advantage; upland Canada offered at $1,28. Rye quiet. Canal freights higher; wheat 10c and barley 12½c to New York. Imports: 32,700 bus wheat, 87,300 bus barley. Shipped by rail during the past 48 hours: 3,940 bbls flour.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—Flour very quiet; extra $7,50, fancy $8@9. Wheat dull; red $1,40@1,42; white $1,50. Rye unchanged. Corn dull and unsettled; yellow $1,05@1,10. Oats steady, western 60@62c. Petroleum quiet, refined 31½@32c. Provisions in light demand, but unchanged. Whisky scarce, $1,20.

MILWAUKEE. October 6,—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet at $1,10 for No. 1 and $1,03 for No. 2. Oats nominally unchanged. Corn held firm at 68c for No. 2. Rye and Barley nominal. Grain freights steady, active and rates unchanged. Receipts—4,000 bbls flour, 102,000 bush wheat. 4,000 bush oats, 2,000 bush corn. Shipments—4,000 bbls flour.

MEMPHIS, October 6.—Cotton: middlings sold at 24¾@25c with an active demand; receipts were 1,142 bales, exports 1,129. Flour unchanged. Corn $1@1,05. Oats 56@58c, Hay $24@25. Bran $22@23 Pork $34,50. Lard 20@21c. Bacon firmer. Shculders 17¾c. Sides 21½c.

BALTIMORE, October 6.—Flour quiet and weak, but unchanged. Wheat is steady, red at $1,40@1,46. Corn dull, western at $1,00. Oats at 57@58c. Rye at $1,10@1,20. Mess Pork quiet at 33c. Bacon firm. Lard dull at 19@20c. Whiskey flat at $1.20@1,22.

DETROIT, October 6.—Flour; receipts of 5,200 bbls, market dull Wheat; receipts of 30,000 bush, market steadier, extra white at $1.26, No. 1 do at $1,15, regular at $1,10, amber at $1,09.

2,000,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

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Lying along the line of their road, at

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TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

10:e28

RIVER NEWS.

The river is falling slowly at this point with about four feet eight inches in the channel last evening. Weather continues pleasant and all that could be desired for out-door business.

The Belle from Parkersburg, and the New State from Wheeling, arrived and departed as usual.

The Camelia departed, for St. Louis with an excellent trip, having all the freight she wanted, and 175 cabin and 35 deck passengers. She went out drawing four feet three inches—pilots Williamson and Clark.

There was an anusually dense fog on Tuesday night, and it did not rise until about ten o'clock yesterday forenoon.

The Sallie from Cincinnati, was expected in last evening, having left Wheeling about six o'clock on Tuesday evening. Considerable freight was received for her yesterday, and she will leave for Cincinnati this evening. She would have been here yesterday morning if it had not have been for the fog.

The Messenger, Capt. Jesse Dean, is filling up steadily and will be the first boat out for New Orleans.

The Mollie Ebert is due here from Cincinnati to day, and will at once commence loading for a return trip.

The hull of the new J. N. McCullough is pronounced by competent judges to be a very nice piece of workmanship, and reflects considerable credit on the good judgment and taste of Capt. Andrew Ackley, under whose supervision it was constructed.

—The Minnie is reported in the hands of the Sheriff at St. Louis.

—The R. C. Gray is enroute from Memphis to Cincinnati, with among other items 860 bales cotton.

—The Lorena was to have left Cincinnati for Memphis on Tuesday, as was also the Bellevernon for New Orleans.

—The rise in St. Croix river reached the high-water mark of 1859 on last Saturday, and has since been on the decline.

—The Major Anderson has been given up by the Cincinnati Mail Company, and gone into the Cincinnati and Wheeling Packet trade.

—The snag located in the Ohio, opposite Brice's Ranche, at the head of Station Bar, which sunk the United States snagboat Greenback.

—From the New Orleans *Picayune*, of Thursday, we learn that Captain Kennisten purchased the steamer Annie Wagley, at Washington, Louisiana.

—The Madison *Courier*, of Saturday, says: The steamer J. L. Graham, recently repaired by Stuart & Co., has been sold to parties from Texas, and will be taken to Gaveston, and thence to Colorado river.

—The one-half interest in the tow-boat Atlantic and barges has been sold to Capt. Geo. W. Rea, of the M. V. T. Company, for the sum of $18,000. The Atlantic and barges will be in the line regularly hereafter.

—The Memphis *Avalanche*, says: The notorious Sam Houston, Supervising Inspector for the Eighth District, passed through this city yesterday, en route to Little Rock, whither he goes to consult with Clayton on Aarkansas affairs, and inspect those Prussian guns. It may be he has never received his share of the proceeds in the transaction.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal*, of Sunday, says: United States Local Inspectors Coon and Houghton yesterday restored, or renewed, the license of Henry S. Kelley as second engineer of river steamers. It will be remembered that Henry's license was revoked by said local board, on the 17th of April last, for the alleged inattention to his duties as second engineer of the steamer LeClaire No. 2. The locals say that they have good and true vouchers for Henry's future conduct, and have no doubt but he will prove worthy of the confidence reposed in him.

RIVER PACKETS.

VICKSBURG, NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE DEAN,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY, October 7th, at 4 P. M.

GHRIEST & SWANEY,

se28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents,

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer MOLLIE EBERT.....Capt. G. W. EBERT,

Clerk S. Peppard, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 7th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

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WHEELING AND CINCINNATI.

FOR CINCINNATI.—The fast and commodious steamer SALLIE.....Capt. T. S. CALHOUN,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 7th inst., at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

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FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG AND CINCINNATI,

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY SATURDAY 12 M.

The swift and superb Sidewheel Steamer ST. MARYS, T. C. SWEENEY, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, or COLLINS & BARNES, Agents.

N. B.—No Freight received after 11 A.M. se1

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A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement. for sale by J. B CANFIELD

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD October 6.—3 cars blooms, Nimick & Co; 1 car rye, A Moore; 1 do do, Exchange Nat Bank; 2 do do, iron ore, Shoenberger. Blair & Co; 100 bbls lime, Schomaker & L; 4 cars blooms, Park Bro's & Co; 400 bxs, 5 crates starch, W Haslage & Co; 1 car stone, J Metcalf; 100 bbls oil, J Spear; 27 bxs oil, Harris & Ewing; 5 bbls scrap iron, J Jones; 67 bxs hardware, Secomb & Co; 14 bxs, 2 pkgs saws, Lippincott & B; 2 bbls shoulders, Dalzell & T; 2 cases boots, Gill & Bro; 100 bbls lime, Richards & Co; 30 bxs starch, Little & Baird; 25 do do, S Ewart & Co; 25 do do, J Conner; 25 crates, 200 bxs starch, Arbuckles & Co; 70 bbls cement, W W Wallace; 2 bbls eggs, H Riddle; 21 bxs medicine, Harris & Gray; 6 bbls oil, Pennock & Beeson; 2 cars oats, J W Fairley; 22 bgs barley, Wm Welsh & Co; 3 bbls quinces, L J Blanchard; 1 car brick, Anderson, Woods & Co; 4 bxs pawpaws, Vangorder & S.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, October 6.—100 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 20 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co; 254 sks rags, R C Christy; 9 bales hops, Jonn White Jr; 6 bbls oil, S A English; 83 bxs grapes, Woodworth & Davison; 4 bbls tallow, J S Dilworth & Co; 68 oil bbls, M P Adams & Bro; 20 bbls flour, Graham & Marshall; 6 bbls flaxseed, 6 pks onions, Henry Rea Jr; 10 bxs cheese. Drape & Robertson; 58 pkgs tobacco, Atwell & Lee; 77 bbls clay, Thos Coffin; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car scrap iron, Pgh Iron & Forge Co; 1 car stone, John Hinchliff; 200 bbls flour, owner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, October 6.—70 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 1 bbl eggs, Head Metzgar; 1 pkg butter, Voigt Mahood & Co; 4 cars railroad iron, C A Carpenter: 58 bbls refined oil, E H Myers & Co; 115 do do, Lockhart Frew & Co; 1 bbl eggs, L & J Blanchard; 2 cars lime, D L Reynolds; 17 bxs peaches, J A Graff; 4 cars metal, McKnight & Co: 1 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, Graff Byers & Co; 3 do lime stone, Shoenberger & Blair.

ALLEGHENY STATION, October 6.—5 bdls tin, Zinkead & Andregg; 78 sks flaxseed, M B Suydam; 20 bbls flour, M Steel & Son; 6 cases tobacco, P Schimer; 6 sks onions, John Herbert; 100 bushels oats, G Stewart; 39 sks do, S C McMasters; 120 do do, J B McKee; 5 do do, 97 bgs barley, M W-il & Co; 25 bgs potatoes, Pitcairu & McClure; 160 sks flaxseed, Ewer Hamilton & Co; 2 cars wheat, W McKee & Co: 30 bbls flour; 7 tuns shipstuff, R Knox & Son; 1 car metal, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 1 car staves, Ralya & Robertson; 1 do do, J M Hemphill.

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Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

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Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
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Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation, 437 miles long, upon which it is also a mortgage, NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application.

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To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new Summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at

S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Fig No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous jus tnow at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $3 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

W. J. EVERETT'S

NEW PATENT

Scapular Shoulder Brace and

CHEST SUPPORTER.

No Straps Under the Arms.

Perfectly anatomical, comfortable and beneficial. State sex; size around waist, and length of back TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, &c.

LADY ATTENDANT.

50 North Seventh Street,

(Below Arch.)

se4:n78 1yF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

CAUTION.

We call attention of consumers to the practice of Adulterating Lard Oil, by mixing with it Cotton Seed Oil, Rosin Oil, Seal Oil, and other inferior Oils.

OUR LARD OIL WARRANTED PURE.

Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.

PROCTER & GAMBLE,

TF CINCINNATI.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB,

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de28

WANTED.—BEESWAX, GINSENG, DRIED FRUITS, WOOL, and GENERAL PRODUCE.

Our Southern and Western Friends can obtain the highest market rates, and get prompt returns by consigning their Produce to us.

J. CLARKSON GRIFFITH,

General Commission Merchant,

No. 20 N. Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

se17:o83:F

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:v21

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, Sept. 20, 1869, TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE IN PITTSBURGH
Day Ex..... 7:00 a m	Day Ex..... 5:15 p m
Night Ex.... 7:35 pm	Night Ex..... 6:55 a m
1st Hulton... 6:40 a m	1st Hulton... 6:25 p m
2d Hulton...11:50 a m	2d Hulton... 8:50a m
3d Hulton... 5:00 p m	3d Hulton... 2:10 p m
4th Hulton..11:00 p m	4th Hulton. 7:30 p m
Freeport Ac. 8:15 a m	SodaWorks.. 7:30 a m
Soda Works.. 6:30 p m	Freeport Ac 6:15 p m
Brady's B Ac 3:05 p m	Bradys B Ac 10:05 a m
Church..... 1:00 p m	Church..... 10:10 a m

Express trains stop only at principal points, Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, On and after 11 P.M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.	Depart.
Mail Train.... 1:20 am	*Day Express 12:30 am
Fast Line..... 1:45 am	*Pacific Ex... 7:45 am
Wall's No. 1.. 6 20 am	Wall's No 1.. 6:30 am
BrintonAcc'n. 7:50 am	Mail Train..... 8:10 am
Wall's No. 2.. 9:05 am	Bra'ks Ac No 1. 5 10 pm
Cincinnati Ex. 8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex. 12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac. 10:20 am	Wall's No. 2.. 11:35 am
Bra'ks Ac No1 7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac. 4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex. 12:40 pm	Bra'ks Ac No2 8:20 pm
Phila. Express 1:00 pm	Phila. Express 3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3...1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3.. 3:05 pm
Bra'ks Ac No 2 9:55 pm	Wall's No. 4.. 6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4. 5:50 pm	*Fast Line..... 7:30 pm
Way Passn'r 10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5.. 11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 12:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 3:19 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after August 29, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.	Depart.
Springd'e No 1 6:40 a m	Mail..... 6:20 a m
Freeport No. 1 8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1 9:30 a m
Express..... 10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No 1 11:20 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1 2:20 p m	Express..... 2:20 p m
Freeport No. 2 4:05 p m	Springd'e No 1 3:10 p m
Mail..... 5:50 p m	Freeport No. 2 5:20 p m
Springd'e No 2 6:40 p m	Springd'e No 2 6:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:20 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 p. m.

COMMUTATION TICKETS—For sale in packages of Twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The trains leaving Allegheny City at 7:00 a. m. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 1 St Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From August 30th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago Ex.. 2:05 a m

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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One year	$6,00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

THURSDAY, OCT. 7, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.
ASSISTANT JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FREDERICK H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

MUNICIPAL.

MAYOR OF ALLEGHENY,
ALEXANDER P. CALLOW.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
COL. GEORGE GERST.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Letter from Philadelphia. State Items, Personal, Miscellaneous Reading Matter. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Local and General News.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 131.

THE well-known Americans, Hon. Amos Kendall and Senator Brownlow, are reported so seriously ill that the recovery of either is not looked for.

CARLYLE, in a recent letter remarks of "the thing which calls itself Spiritualism," that it "might more fitly be called 'Ultra. BRUTALISM,' and 'LITURGY of *Dead-Sea* APPLES.'"

REPUBLICAN County tickets are in circulation with the name of Mr. McGEE the Democratic candidate for Commissioner, substituted for Mr. BOSTWICK's. Look out for them.

A Washington dispatch says:

The friends of the Administration who claim to be advised of the President's purposes, say to-night that the vacant place on the Supreme Bench will be tendered to Judge Hoar, that Mr. Pierrepont, of New York, will be nominated for Attorney General, and that Pennsylvania will have the position of Secretary of War.

REPORTS from Nashville continue to strengthen the probability that a party by the name of Johnson will be elected U. S. Senator. If another vacancy is created by the decease of Mr. Brownlow, it is difficult to judge whether the complications of Tennessee politics would be thereby increased or diminished.

THE *Spirit of the Times* does not flatter our Republican politicians, in the following:

Pennsylvania has been all torn to pieces, and the party is divided by a series of miserable feuds. With a few exceptions, politicians in that State are a small, mean tribe, and but for the cause, and the advantage now in our Spanish and English complication of a strong and popular administration, we should be satisfied to see them have a sound whipping.

SINCE the New York *Tribune* has recommended the present as a good year for bolting Republican nominations, it has encouraged the German Republican Central Committee of New York, to "denounce the Republican Convention at Syracuse for intolerance, and making tools of German Republicans, and to resolve not co-operate with the party in the coming election."

THE speech of Hon. SAM. GALLOWAY, at City Hall last night, was the most brilliant, amusing and entertaining of the campaign. We regret exceedingly that owing to the press of other matters we cannot lay the remarks of the distinguished gentleman in full before our readers as the Democracy could not have been better handled by any who would attempt to eclipse the efforts of Ohio's gifted son.

MR. HORACE GREELEY declines to be a candidate for the Senatorial seat from Virginia. He doubtless perceives that he could not take that part in the reconstruction of the old Dominion, without detriment to the interests of another dominion which is of more weight with him—that of the N. Y. *Tribune*. It is better to be an editorial sovereign, as he is, than a Senator without a constituency, as he would be before that term of office could expire.

THE vexatious question as to where the Allegheny Soldiers' Monument is to be erected will be submitted to the voters of the county at the general election. The tickets have already been printed and circulated, together with letters of instruction to the election officers. We believe the question to be settled is whether it shall be located in Pittsburgh, excluding the cemetery, which has been ruled out, or Allegheny. Those interested in the matter will at once perceive the importance of making a canvass, in order that their desires may be accomplished.

TWO YEARS ago a number of iron manufacturers of this city raised a question as to their liability under the laws, then in force, to pay certain taxes, amounting in the aggregate to a very large sum of money. The matter has remained unadjusted to the present time. Yesterday, Mr. DAVIS, the Collector of this District, received instructions from the Department at Washington, to the effect that "these taxes were correctly assessed under the law then in force, and that no good and sufficient reasons had been shown why they should be abated," and that, consequently, he should proceed to make collection.

CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

This gentleman is the Republican candidate for Commissioner of Allegheny County. Reports have been industriously circulated to the effect that he was not fairly nominated, and hence is not entitled to the support of honorable members of the organization. These reports have no foundation in fact, but are based upon a quibble that has no weight or significance whatever.

The session of the Nominating Convention was protracted and excited, owing in large part to the contest between Mr. BOSTWICK and Mr. DILWORTH. When it became apparent that Mr. BOSTWICK was the strongest man, and not till then, a motion was made to declare him unanimously nominated. This motion was properly entertained by the Chairman, who acted in perfect good faith throughout. No objection was raised, the motion was put, and carried without a dissenting voice.

The opponents of Mr. BOSTWICK now come forward and affirm that the marking by the delegates should have been continued until it was made to appear, in that form, that he had a clear majority. To which we reply, that if it had not been apparent that he was the winner objection would have been raised to the motion to declare his nomination unanimous, and voices undoubtedly would have been lifted up in the negative, which was not done.

So far as the pretended inflexibility of rules is concerned, it is enough to say that the Convention had complete authority over its own rules, to enforce, modify or change them at pleasure. Such authority has been exercised, without question, by every Republican Convention that has assembled in the county.

As to the personal habits and intellectual competency of Mr. BOSTWICK for the position to which he has been designated, we are constrained to add a few sentences. In both these respects he has been assailed, in public meetings, held in different parts of the county, by speakers in the interest of another candidate. We believe these criminations to be entirely groundless. Gentlemen of the highest respectability, who have known him intimately for many years, testify that his character is above reproach. As to capacity for office, his metal has been tried and approved. He made one of the best Coroners the county has ever had.

The County Committee has seen proper, after a survey of the whole case, to make an appeal to the Republican voters of the county, in behalf of Mr. BOSTWICK. To that appeal we call attention, giving it out of free good will what it does not stand in need of—our hearty endorsement.

CUBAN BELLIGERENCY.

The report that our Government had ordered the release of the "Cuban privateer Hornet," in effect thereby recognising the belligerency of the insurgents, seems to have been premature, if not wholly unfounded. The latest advices, at this writing, from Washington, indicate the retention of the ship by the Federal authorities. Either this, or a release with its substantial recognition of Cuban belligerancy, are the only alternatives before our Government. There ought to be no question as to the decision. We cannot recognize the belligerent rights, *eo nomine*, of either Spain or her insurgent subjects. So far as concerns the former, we have only the right to know that she is dealing with a domestic insurrection, while her revolted subjects have, thus far, no international status whatever. For all that our government officially knows, Spain is at peace with every other power on the earth. Hence, that is a sufficient reason why our authorities cannot detain another ship, the Euterpe, now loaded at New York with material of war for the Spanish Colonial government. We can only embargo the latter vessel for the reason that Spain is at war with a recognized and friendly power—which the Cubans are not, unless substantially declared so by either the detention of the Euterpe or the release of the Hornet. Thus the question of recognition is presented very directly to the Administration.

The Hornet has no lawful place on the high seas, under the "Cuban flag." This flag has not been recognized by any power in Christendom except Mexico and Peru—certainly not yet by that at Washington. Moreover, her offensive designs against a power with whom our people are at peace have been candidly avowed. Here are the needful conditions upon which to decide whether this vessel should be detained, by our authority, as being, under the law of nations, a pirate, or demitted once more to the free seas, recognized by our official act as the regularly commissioned cruiser of a legitimately existing member of the family of nations. This is the naked question. If a pirate, she must be condemned; if not a pirate, she must be released under our obligations of comity to a recognized belligerent—and she could be released on no other ground. The single issue is thus, either for the Hornet or the Euterpe, the recognition or the denial of belligerent rights.

The insurgent Cubans have neither a prize-court, an open sea-port, nor any other of the legally needful requisites for an admiralty adjudication of her prizes. She cannot take her captures to any harbor on the globe, and there proceed for their condemnation. She must ravage, burn and sink—and nothing else. This is not legitimate warfare, but piracy—nothing more nor less.

Nor is this all of the question. The chief officers of the Hornet are American citizens. Our treaty of 1795 with Spain, 14th article, reads thus:

Nor shall any citizen, subject or inhabitant of said United States apply for or take any commission or letters of marque for arming any ship or ships to act as privateers against subjects of his Catholic Majesty, or the property of any of them from any prince or State with which said king shall be at war, and if any person of either nation shall take such commission and letters of marque he shall be punished as a pirate.

If we release the Hornet as a lawful privateer now, what shall be our defense, for the breach of treaty obligations and of international law, against the undivided judgment of the world? What legitimate excuse shall we have for our premature recognition of the insurgent rights? Upon what plea could we hereafter maintain the justice of our own claims against a nation which has no more grievously injured us than, by this act, we shall have prejudiced the just rights of Spain!

We trust that these patent objections, to any constructive recognition of Cuban belligerency by this Government, will have their proper weight with the Cabinet.

The Sixth Ward Council Question.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I am no politician and can afford to be honest in political matters, it is therefore with mortification that I have heard an idle rumor started by some malicious person and extensively circulated in our ward, the Sixth or old Eighth, to the effect that Mr. Thos. T. Ewens, candidate for Common Council, is not a good and true Republican. I have known him since he cast his first vote and have ever regarded him as a candid, earnest and conscientious member of our ranks and one who has done efficient service for the party. It is cited that he voted for Mr. Blackmore for Mayor. Presuming he did, is that evidence that he is not true to Republican principles? If it is, then rule out of the ranks thousands of Republicans who sustained that gentlemen and carried him into office with an overwhelming majority. It was not that he was a Democrat but that he was a good man that caused his election: and faithful Republicans voted for him to rebuke trickery and corruption in our own ranks. Mr. Ewens is a staunch and reliable Republican, a gentleman of sound and practical ideas, large solid sense and acute judgment. Should he be nominated to the Common Council to-day, he will make as faithful, honest and capable an officer as has ever represented the ward. I communicate this, as I feel those who are not his friends have used very unfair means in circulating an unfounded calumny against his political record as an active and consistent Republican. CITIZEN.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The break in the Erie Canal, near Albany, will require eight or ten days to repair.

—A great Independence meeting was held at Waterloo, Canada, on Saturday, which was presided over by Mr. Parmlee, warden of the county.

—A Colored church in Carondelet, six miles below St. Louis, was burned on Tuesday, the work of an incendiary. Loss $10,000; no insurance.

—The Woman's Suffrage Convention, now in session at St. Louis, is largely attended, and much interest is taken in the proceedings. It will, probably, not adjourn before to-morrow.

—The International Industrial Exhibition, at Buffalo, opened last evening. The display of mechanical, agricultural and miscellaneous articles, are of a most brilliant and extensive character. Canada is well represented.

—The Irish Emigrant Aid Convention met in St. Louis yesterday. The following States were represented: Missouri, Kansas, Minnesota, Louisiana, Oregon, Mississippi, Nebraska, Tennessee, Wisconsin, Illinois, and the Territories of Washington and Idaho.

—A warrant was applied for before Recorder Martindale, in Jersey City, on Tuesday, against Captain Hall, the Arctic explorer, on the charge of murdering Patrick Coleman; a seaman, at Repulse Bay, in the Arctic regions. Coleman was a mutineer. The Recorder refused to grant the warrant, on the plea of want of jurisdiction,

Earthquake at Lima—The People Fled and Dwelling in Tents.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 6.—A letter states that on August 20th, 21st and 24th there were, at Lima, tremendous shocks of earthquake. In the lower provinces, on the latter day, the heaviest walls and houses tumbled; and at Iquique and Arica, a tidal wave carried away many boats and other property. The inhabitants fled, and are living in tents. All goods in the custom house have been transferred to escape any recurring wave

Pisaqua and other places also suffered. There have been earthquakes all through August in the whole southern portion of the country. Lima and Calao have not suffered as yet, but many people are leaving both. Business is seriously impeded.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, October 6, 1869.

RIGHTEOUS DECISION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL HOAR.

Attorney General Hoar has, in response to a letter from General Sherman, Secretary of War, of the 16th ult., delivered an official opinion touching the matter of the suspension of certain claim agents from practice in the War Department, under orders issued by the Secretary on the 11th of the same month, which, the Attorney General says, appears to have been based upon information contained in an official report by Colonel R. J. Dodge, June 12th, 1869, wherein the parties named in the official order are charged with practicing fraud upon the United States and individuals, and with violating the rules of common honesty, in the prosecution of bounty and pension claims of colored soldiers or their legal representatives. The Attorney General says the Secretary is not bound to recognize or do business with any claim agent who is known to have perverted his position for purposes of fraud, and whose character is such that a reasonable degree of confidence cannot be placed in his honesty in dealing with the government. Under such circumstances the Secretary may very properly decline to expose the interest of the government, as also of the claimants, to the danger of becoming a prey to dishonest schemes and devices; and when the provisions of the pension and bounty act, designed for the protection of claimants against the cupidity and oppression of their agents, have been violated, the parties should be made, if possible, to suffer the penalty imposed by law for their past misdeeds.

A SENSATION EXPLODED.

A report has been prevalent here today, and found its way into print, that Secretary Fish, yesterday, received a dispatch from the French and English Governments to the effect that they had notified their fleets to overhaul the Cuban privateer Hornet and sink her when found. They were further instructed to treat the officers and crew as pirates and hang them. In inquiry at the proper quarter, it has been ascertained that there is no truth whatever in this report, and further, that it was not known in diplomatic circles that the Hornet had been captured until twenty-four hours after she was in government custody, when the fact was unofficially mentioned to several of the foreign representatives, the British Minister included. The Government received a telegram Sunday night, and it was in consequence of the facts therein stated, that an order was immediately sent to detain the vessel for judicial proceedings.

APPOINTMENT.

John McDonald, of St. Louis, has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue, vice Morris, assigned to the District composed of Missouri, Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico.

SEIZURE OF STILLS.

Supervisor Fulton reports to the Department the seizure of nine stills in the Richmond District, from Philadelphia. They all bear evidence of recent use.

Mrs. Stowe again on the Byron Trial—A Second Instalment Forthcoming—Justice, Gratitude and Friendship the Motives.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORD, Conn., October 6.—The *Courant* of to-morrow morning will contain the following card from Mrs. Stowe:

To the Editors of the Courant:—Mrs. Stowe desires the friends of justice and fair dealing to publish for her this announcement: That she has kept silence heretofore in regard to the criticism on her article on Lady Byron for two reasons. *First*:—Because she regarded the public mind as in too excited a state to consider the matter dispassionately. *Second*—Because she had expected the development of additional proofs from England, some of which, of great importance, have already come to hand. Mrs. Stowe is preparing a review of the whole matter, with further facts, and more documents, including several letters of Lady Byron to her, attesting the vigor and soundness of her mind at the period referred to, and also Mrs. Stowe's own letters to Lady Byron at the same time, which were returned to her by the executors soon after that lady's death. She will also give the public a full account of the circumstances and reasons which led her to feel it to be her duty to make this disclosure as an obligation alike to justice, gratitude and personal friendship.

Virginia Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, October 6.—In the House of Representatives to-day resolutions were introduced that the iron clad oath be now administered to the members and temporary officers of the House, which were referred to the proper committee, when it shall be appointed.

A protest, adopted by the Republican caucus last night, was presented. It is framed with a view to answering Atty. General Hoar's argument, and protests against any acts of the Legislature of this session, the members not having taken the iron-clad oath, and the body being therefore illegal. It was referred.

Turner, Conservative, of Rappahannock County was elected speaker.

The old incumbent was elected Clerk of the Senate, when the same protest of the Republican caucus was presented, and a resolution adopted laying it on the table, on the ground that it was manifestly an effort to obstruct the Reconstruction Acts, and in direct violation of the interpretation of said acts by the administration.

Calamity at Indianapolis—Coroner's Verdict—Subscriptions for the Sufferers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, October 6.—The Coroner's Jury rendered the following verdict late last night: That P. L. Davis and twenty others came to their death from injuries received by the exploding of a boiler attached to one of E. B. Sinker & Co.'s portable engines, at the Indiana Fair Grounds on the first day of October, 1869, which explosion was caused by the carelessness and culpable mismanagement on the part of the engineer in charge, John Gall, deceased.

A meeting of citizens was held at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms yesterday for the purpose of raising subscriptions for the sufferers. Over $1,500 was subscribed. Another mass meeting will be held to-night at Mason Hall for the same purpose. The County Commissioners have appropriated $5,000, and the State Board of Agriculture have donated $500.

The Privateer Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., October 6.—An entertainment this evening, on board the Cuban sloop of war, was attended by a number of ladies and gentlemen.

There are no new developments concerning the status of the Cuba, but the public mind here is unanimous in the opinion that she will be released as soon as an investigation is made.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

PARIS, October 6.—Official dispatches from Madrid charge that Senor Pauley, a member of the Spanish Cortes, is in command of one of the Republican bands in the South.

Communications between Madrid and Barcelona are interrupted.

The insurgents evacuated the town of Reus on the approach of government troops.

Salvocha has been captured.

The official reports assert that the insurectionary movement is declining.

No accounts of late occurrences have yet been received from the Republicans

FRANCE.

PARIS, October 6.—Prince Charles, of Roumaino, has arrived in this city. He was to-day received by the Emperor at Tuilleries.

Deputies Gambetta, Raspal and Esqueros intend to preceed to the hall of the Corps Legislatif on the 26th of the present month, considering that the legal date for the assembling of the Chamber.

The ship building yards of Bordeaux were destroyed by fire.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, October 6—The person thought to be Kelly or Deasy, who was brought to King's College Hospital badly injured a few days ago, died yesterday.

A great many meetings have been announced in different cities of Ireland of those favorable to amnesty to Fenian prisoners.

FRANCE.

PARIS, October 6.—Jules Ferry, one of the Deputies to the Corps Legislatiff, elected recently from Paris, has called a meeting of members of the opposition to take proper action in regard to the delay in opening the session of the Assembly.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, October 6.—The steamer Hermann, from New York, arrived.

LONDENDERRY, October 6.—The steamer Nova Scotia, from Quebec, arrived today.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, October 5.—Eries 24¼: Illinois Central 94½; Atlantic and Great Western 28½.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—*Evening.*—Cotton firmer; middling uplands 12⅛; Orleans 12½; sales were 10,000 bales. The advices from Manchester are more favorable, but the market for goods and yarns is not affected. Wheat 10s 7d for white California, and 9s 3d@9s 4d for red western; receipts for the last three days were 30,000 quarters, of which 15,000 quarters were American. Corn 30s. Flour 23s 9d @24s. Spirits Turpentine 26s 6d. Lard heavy and unchanged.

LONDON, October 5.—*Evening.*—Sugar flat; sales afloat at 28s 9d. Linseed Oil £30 10s.

LONDON, October 6.—*Evening.*—Consols for account 93⅜@93½. American securities quiet; '62s, 84⅜; '65s, 84; '67s, 83. Stocks steady.

LIVERPOOL, October 6—*Evening.*—Cotton firmer; uplands 12¾; Orleans 12⅝; sales were 12,000 bales, of which 4,000 bales were for export and speculation. Red Wheat 9s 3d. Lard 73s 6d. Turpentine 26s 3d.

LONDON, October 6.—*Evening.*—Sugar: afloat firmer.

ANTWERP, October 6.—*Evening.*—Petroleum quiet.

PARIS, October 6.—*Evening.*—Bourse firmer. Renies 71f.

FRANKFORT, October 6.—*Evening.*—Bonds closed quiet at 87¾.

HAVRE, October 6.—*Evening.*—Cotton firm at 143f on spot.

LONDON, October 6.—*Wednesday Afternoon.*—Erie 24¾. Linseed 62s 9d. Refined Petroleum 1s 7⅛d@1s @7½d.

LIVERPOOL, October 6.—*Wednesday Afternoon*—Cotton firm and unchanged; sales 10,000 bales. Beef 8s 9d. Cheese 65s. Lard 7s 9d.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Gold Gamblers at Loggerheads—Statements of A. R. Corbin and James Fisk, Jr.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 6.—The steamship Alaska, from Aspinwall, has arrived.

The *Herald* has the following note, dated October 5th: "I never exchanged a word on financial matters, either verbally or in writing, with Mr. James Fisk, Jr., from the commencement of the gold speculation until it broke on Friday noon. Nor within that period did I ever authorize any human being, verbally or in writing, to buy or sell gold for me, or for any one else.

"A. R. CORBIN."

The *World's* reporter yesterday received the following statement from James Fisk: "All I have to say is this: We have just commenced a suit against Mr. Corbin for $300,000, or thereabouts, difference on gold bought and sold for his associates. Everything up to the present has been substantiated by affidavits, and everything in the future will be so substantiated. Also, I shall not make a move without five or six affidavits being tacked onto it. I have nothing to give you now more than the affidavits. What will come after will be published. Mr. Corbin has not been the only party in the pool; there are others whose names I need not now mention. All these things will come in good time."

The clipper ship Drednaught' from Liverpool for San Francisco, was lost off the island of Terre Del Fuego on July 4th. The crew, thirty-four in all, had hardly time to get in the small boats with provisions for seventeen days. They subsisted on shell fish gathered from the rocks at low water. The Indians treated them well, and they were finally rescued by a Norwegian bark. Ten of the crew suffered terribly with the cold, and will lose their toes and fingers, which were frost bitten.

The Haytien government has finally concluded the purchase of the armor plated steamer Atlanta, from Mr. Oak Smith, for $160,000.

A terrible murder was committed at 607 Cherry street, last evening. The victims being the wife of Henry Aquoug, a Chinaman, and a compatriot named Chas. Archou, the murderer closing the bloody scene by stabbing himself. Archou, from all that can be learned, was charged by Aquoug with having taken improper liberties with his wife.

In the suit of Brown against Fiske Fiske and Gould to recover about $2,500,000 from defendants for refusing to take gold purchased at 160, Mr. Fiske has been served with a capias by a deputy marshal. Mr. Gould has not yet been served.

The *World* says two hundred and fifty Cuban fillibusters left this port Monday morning in the steam tug Aaron Wilson, intending to join a steamer from Philadelphia with a similar force aboard.

The State Republican Central Committee held a meeting this evening. A communication was received from General Robinson, declining the nomination for Secretary of State, on the ground of ill health. The committee adjourned with the understanding that Gen. Sigel should be seen with a view of tendering him the nomination of Secretary of State or State Engineer.

Tunnel Accident in Minnesota.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MINNEAPOLIS, October 6.—On Monday morning while the Eastman tunnel, half a mile long, was being excavated for the purpose of making a water power on Nicallet Island, the workmen pierced a sunken water cavern in the island below the level of the river. The gates at the head of the tunnel were closed, but the rush of water could not be arrested. Early Tuesday morning a large whirlpool, near the shore of the Island, was discovered, disclosing the mouth of the cavern. All efforts yesterday to close up this hole by rafts, cribs, trees, balls of hay, &c., proved fruitless, and the river is making a tremendous effort to make a new channel for itself. The mills on the Kenehen Island are in danger, as the ground is caving in from the passage of the water beneath. A thousand men are at work night and day constructing a coffer dam around the mouth of the whirlpool. If necessary a section of the dam will be blown out to lower the water which is very high, or the danger of a new channel is imminent.

LATER.

The tunnel disaster at Minneapolis, Minn., will prove to be of a very serious character. A mass of the river bank, two hundred feet long by twenty wide, has caved in, through which water runs into the tunnel at a fearful rate. As the under stratum is soft sandstone, easily washed, serious apprehensions are felt.

The volume of water rushing into the cavity of the whirlpool and thence into the tunnel has been checked by masses of trees and sand bags. No damage to the mills reported as yet. Huge bonfires light the men at work. The piers of the new coffer dam, to enclose the hole, are nearly completed. The people have been excluded from the island, and the work goes bravely on. The hole is sixty feet long and twenty broad—depth not known. It is full of trees, sand, sand bags, etc.

From Nashville.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, October 6.—The House completed its organization to-day, and both branches are ready for legislation.

A meeting of editors took place here to-day. Almost all of the political newspaper press of the State was represented.

The counterfeit nickel five cent coin in circulation here is large, and very annoying to business men.

Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute

The quarterly meeting of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute will be held in the Washington School House, Lawrenceville, on Friday evening, the 15th and Saturday morning, the 16th instant. At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Institute, held on Saturday, 2d inst., it was decided that "Grading Schools" and "Order" should be the subjects for discussion by the Institute, the former to be opened by A. Burtt, the latter by H. G. Squire. Teachers of Allegheny, South Side and adjacent districts are invited to attend, also directors and others interested in the progress of education. These Institutes are important to live teachers, and it is to be hoped that no teacher engaged in the Pittsburgh Schools will be absent at roll call.

In the City.—Tom Allen, the noted western prize fighter, arrived in the city yesterday and put up at the Revenue House. He proposes giving an entertainment of his fistic abilities at City Hall on Saturday night.

Documents.—At the Republican Head quarters, 116 Fifth Avenue, a large quantity of political reading matter is ready for gratuitous distribution to those who call.

THOU BRINGEST ME LIFE—LUNG-WORT.

One of the truest and most suggestive ideas can be obtained from the caption at the head of this article; for of all diseases which impair human health and shorten human life, none are more prevalent than those which affect the lungs and pulmonary tissues. Whether we regard lung diseases in the light of a merely slight cough, which is but the fore-runner of a more serious malady, or as a deep lesion corroding and dissolving the pulmonary structure, it is always pregnant with evil and foreboding of disaster. In no class of maladies should the physician or the friends and family of the patient be more seriously forewarned than in those of the lungs, for it is in them that early and efficient treatment is most desirable, and it is then that danger can be warded off and a cure effected. In DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE you have a medicine of the greatest value in all these conditions. An alterative, a tonic, a nutrient and resolvent, succoring nature and sustaining the recuperative powers of the system, Its beautiful workings, in harmony with the regular functions, can be readily observed by the use of one or two bottles: it will soon break up the chain of morbid sympathies that disturb the harmonious workings of the animal economy. The harrassing cough, the painful respiration, the sputum streaked with blood, will soon give place to the normal and proper workings of health and vigor.

An aggregated experience of over thirty years has enabled Dr. Keyser, in the compounding of his LUNG CURE, to give new hope to the consumptive invalid and at the same time speedy relief in those now prevalent, catarrhal and throat affections, so distressing in their effects and so almost certainly fatal in their tendencies, unless cured by some appropriate remedy. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is so thorough and efficient, that any one who has ever used it, will never be without it in the house. It will often cure when everything else fails, and in simple cases will cure oftentimes in a few days.

The attention of patients, as well as medical men, is respectfully invited to this new and valuable addition to the pharmacy of the country.

DR. KEYSER may be consulted every day until 1 o'clock P. M. at his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, and from 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 at night.

NOW IS THE TIME

To repair the inroads made upon the physical strength by the heated term which has closed with September. The vitality that has been oozing through the pores in the form of perspiration, for the last three months, requires to be replaced, as a preparative to the cold season which makes such disastrous havoc with relaxed and untoned sytems. The reverse of vigor with which the stoutest man commences the Summer campaign is drained out of him at its close, and unless by some means he acquires a new stock of vital energy wherewith to encounter the shock of a colder season, he may droop and wither like the falling leaves whose life-juices are exhausted. If it is thus with the strong, how much more perilous is the condition of the weak and ailing. Their reason must suggest to them, more forcibly than these printed words, the necessity for *invigoration*, and the world have decided, after an experience of nearly a quarter of a century, that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS embrace such restorative properties as are not possessed by any other tonic and alternative preparation in existence. The importance of resorting to that great RENOVATOR AND REGULATOR OF THE HUMAN MACHINE, at this critical season is as obvious as the light of day. Let all who desire to escape an attack of chills and fever, bilious remittent fever, dysentery, diarrhœa, dyspepsia, rheumatism, hypochondria, or any other of the diseases of which the Fall season is the prolific parent, have recourse promptly to this celebrated preventive and restorative.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **NOON-DAY PRAYER** MEETING.—A cordial invitation is hereby extended to the strangers visiting our city to attend the UNION MEETING OF CHRISTIANS. Held daily for one-half hour at the Rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 23 Fifth avenue. oc7:p56

☞ **QUARTERLY DIVIDEND** —FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,)—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all government tax. oc5:p48 J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

WHEREAS, LETTERS OF ADMINISTAATION having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of WILLIAM STEWART, late of Spowden township, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to JAMES W. STEWART, Library, Pa., or A. C. WILSON, No. 48 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., Administrators oc7 p51

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, I will expose at public sale, on the premises on

Thursday, 28th Day of October, 1869,

At 10 o'clock A. M., the following described real estate belonging to the estate of Douglas Carmichael, dec'd, to-wit: All those TWO LOTS OR PIECES OF GROUND in a plan of lots laid out by George Breed, and being parts of OUT LOT NO. 223 in the Reserve tract.

Terms of sale: One-third cash in hand on the consummation of sale and delivery of deed the balance in one and two years, secured by bond and mortgage on the land—the purchaser to pay for the bond and mortgage.

H. S. FLEMING, Admr. oc7:p60.TH-S *cum testamento annexo.*

CALL AND SEE

THE NEW

China Sets, Parian Statuetts,

Vases and Fancy Articles, now opening for the Fall Trade, at

H. HIGBY & CO'S.,

No. 189 LIBERTY STREET.

N. B.—A large assortment of Fine White Granite Ware for family and hotel use always on hand. oc7

STOLEN.—$100 REWARD.—Stolen from the subscriber, one mile on the road leading from Columbiana to New Lisbon, Ohio, on Oct. 1st,

TWO 3 YEAR OLD HORSES,

Near 16 hands high, dark bay color, and shod all round; one is curbed on both hind legs and has short Mane, Tail and Mane dark. The other's Mane and Tail is thin, and has a small white spot on the nose.

A reward of $50 will be paid for the recovery of the horses, and $50 additional for the apprehension of the thieves. Any information can be addressed to the undersigned at Columbiana, O. AUG. MILLER, oc6:p50 E. NICHOLS.

PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Engineer's office of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY in PITTSBURGH or CUMBERLAND, until the 1st of November, 1869, inclusive, for SUPPLYING THE CROSS TIES for the entire line of about 85 miles of this road from near Connellsville to near Cumberland. The length of each cross tie will be 8 feet between square ends. Thickness 7 inches, and flattened on two opposite sides to not less than 7 inches bearing surface, out of wind and clear of bark, which will be shaved off. Kind of timber, White Oak, Rock Oak or Chestnut, sound and free from wind shake or other defects. Places of delivery, immediately on the road, and not more than half a mile apart, where the ground will permit access and room for piling, which will be done in alternate cross layers of about 100 in each pile. Proposers who cannot deliver at the intervals named may state the place at which they would deliver, and quantities at each place. The number per mile will be 2,113, and whole number about 210,000, including those for side tracks. Timber to be cut when the sap is out, and delivery to be commenced on or before January 1st, 1870, and continued until all deliver d; as follows, viz: For the first 10 miles from either end of the road near Connellsville or Cumberland, on or before May 1st, 1870, for each succeeding 10 miles toward the middle of the road one month later, or on the 1st of June, July, August and September, 1870, until the whole number are delivered. Monthly estimates of Cross Ties delivered on the road will be given, four-fifths of the contract price of which will be paid, and the remaining fifth at the completion of the contract.

BENJ. H. LATROBE, oc7:p62-THST Chief Engineer.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED

CONFECTIONERY

IN A NEW PLACE.

F. A. MIERSH & BROTHER

Have removed their establishment to their new and elegant premises,

No. 24 Sixth Street,

(late St. Clair,)

Where they will offer to their friends and customers the finest assortment of CONFECTIONS, FRENCH CANDIES AND CAKES, their own make.

☞ An elegant and commodious saloon will be found up stairs, where the best of Ice Creams, fresh Oysters, in all styles, as well as Cakes, Tea, Coffee and Chocolate, will be served in the promptest manner, at their old rates. oc6:p51

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

And Manufacturer of

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton street, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or address to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stephenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex Bradley, Park Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

BILLIARDS,

(KUNZ'S BUILDING,)

68 Smithfield Street,

(Formerly occupied by John S. Kennedy,) has been leased for a term of years by

GEORGE H. BENNETT,

And Fitted Up in the Best Manner.

FIVE NEW TABLES

Have been placed in the

BILLIARD HALL.

The Bar is Stocked

WITH THE

BEST OF LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

oc4

RED AND FIRE BRICK PRESSES, CLAY TEMPERING MACHINES and BRICK MAKER'S TOOLS manufactured at No. 309 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. se2:p3 S. P. MILLER.

NOTICE.—We have admitted J. W. COOK as a member of our firm, to date from August 1st, 1869.

se27:088 CHESS, SMYTH & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHESTNUT & TWELFTH STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA,

BAILEY & CO., Jewelers.

GRAND OPENING!!

For the FALL and CHRISTMAS TRADE of a MAGNIFICENT STOCK of all the novelties in Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.

FANCY GOODS, &C.

Bridal Gifts a Specialty.

BAILEY & CO. have the handsomest Store in the World, and will at all times be pleased to receive and show visitors through their establishment.

BAILEY & CO.,

NEW MARBLE STORE,

CHESTNUT AND TWELFTH STREETS,

Philadelphia.

oc7.p59

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE

IN SOUTH PITTSBURGH.

By virtue of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ann McDowal, deceased, will offer at public sale on the premises on

Monday, the 25th day of October,

At 10 o'clock A. M., all that half part of lot of ground, No. 28 in Christian Ihmsen's plan of lots in South Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny aforesaid, recorded in Plan Book Vol. 1st, part 2d, page 255, in Recorder's office of said county, bounded and described as follows: Commencing on Manor street, at the corner of lot No. 27 in said plan, thence extending eastwardly along the southern line of said Manor street twenty feet to corner of lot No. 29 in said plan, thence in a southwardly direction along the line of said lot forty-five feet ten and a half inches to centre of said lot, thence westwardly twenty feet to line of lot No. 27 aforesaid, thence along the line of said lot in a northwardly direction forty-five feet seven and five eighths inches to Manor street, the place of beginning. Terms made known on day of sale, or on application to

WILLIAM McDOWAL, oc7:p47-TH Administrator of Ann McDowal.

FALL TRADE.

New Goods!

New Goods!

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S

No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS, FRINGES, GIMPS AND BUTTONS. NEW SASH AND BOW RIBBONS. THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN HATS. NEW STYLES EMBROIDERIES. NOVELTIES IN LACE GOODS.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

A complete assortment for Fall.

MERINO AND WOOL

Shirts and Drawers,

ALL KINDS AND SIZES.

ZEPHYRS, BALMORAL AND FANCY YARN, KNIT SHAWLS, CLOAKS HOODS, NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at low prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

NO. 27

FIFTH AVENUE.

oc4

FALL OPENING.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF

ARAB SHAWLS,

In Plaid and Roman Striped.

Ruffled Collars and Cuffs

The New Sailor Collar,

Silk Fringes,

Satin Trimmings,

Silk Glass Buttons.

In all the Newest Patterns.

MISSES FINE WOOL CAPS AND SACQUES,

An elegant assortment just received.

Hair and Jute Switches,

Balmoral and Plaid Hosiery,

Wool Half Hose,

Shirts and Drawers,

FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.

YARN,

A Full Supply of All Kinds.

HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 Market Street.

se18

JUST OPENED

BY

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

EXTRA QUALITIES

ARAB SHAWLS,

IN STRIPED AND SCOTCH PLAID, ALL SHADES.

Reversed Satin Pleating,

The Latest Novelty in Dress Trimming.

Quilled Satin Trimming,

Gimps, Fringes,

Plain and Plaid Hercule Braids,

Silk, Satin and Velvet Buttons,

Scotch Plaid Glass Buttons,

Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons,

Lama and Silk Girdles.

Merino and Wool Underwear.

In all sizes and qualities.

Child's Merino Dresses,

Ladies' Merino Skirts,

Boulevarde Felt Skirts.

HOSIERY.

An Unsurpassed Assortment

Merino and Wool Ribbed,

Fleeced Cotton,

Plain Merino,

Tartan,

Parisian Striped,

VICTORIA AND STUART CASHMERE HOSE, in all sizes.

Gents' Half Hose in Wool, Merino and Super Stout Cotton,

AT VERY LOWEST PRICES.

77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

se30

BURNS' RESTAURANT — There will be a first class dinner to-day and from this day on at BURN'S RESTAURANT, corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue. We always keep the best the market affords. Also day boarders taken on their own time. Breakfast from 6 to 10½, and Dinner from 11 to 2½, and Supper from 5 to 9¼ o'clock, oc4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRA B

At 25 Cents,

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS

Double Width.

Heavy White Country Blankets.

At 12 1-2 Cent

GOOD STYLE DARK DELAINES

Heavy Country Flannel.

At 50 Cents,

ALL WOOL DOUBLE WIDTH

Bright Plaid Poplins.

NEW ASSOR

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WILLIAM

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET,

RAMALEY'S

HAT PARLOR,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue.

A FULL STOCK

Of All the New Styles

OF

HATS AND CAPS

OF THE SEASON.

se15:045-TTHS

GLASS FRUIT JARS.

The old and reliable

A. & D. H. CHAMBERS' UNION FRUIT JAR,

With tin cover and wire fastening. Cheapest and best in the market.

OFF SETT GLASS JARS,

With cork, in stock and for sale by

A. & D. H. CHAMBERS,

117 WATER STREET.

oc5:p45

FOR WEDDING PRESENTS

GO TO

WATTLES & SHEAFER'S.

They are receiving a very fine assortment of

Solid Silver and Plated Ware

SUITABLE FOR WEDDING PRESENTS,

Which will be sold low.

101 FIFTH AVENUE,

oc Above Smithfield Street.

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY,

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inst Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.

REFERENCES—Max. Moorhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Alken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

STRAY MULE.—Came to the residence of the undersigned, on Wednesday, September 29th, a

LARGE DARK BROWN MULE, MARE.

The owner is requested to come after her, pay charges and take her away. B. AUTH, 182 Smithfield street

NOTICE—LOST OR STOLEN.—Certificate No. 27 for forty shares of the capital stock of the EUREKA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, issued to me May 3d, 1860. The public are cautioned against purchasing said certificate. I have applied for a new one

J. B. CANFIELD. PITTSBURGH, October 1, 1869 oc4:p47

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.

Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAINS,

At 6 1-4 Cents,

DARK CALICOES.

Heavy Wool Cassimeres.

At 87 1-2 Cents,

WATERPROOF CLOTH.

Table Linens and Napkins.

AT $1.00,

WATERPROOF CLOTH,

GOOD QUALITY.

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SEMPLE'S,

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

POLITICAL.

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

On Thursday Evening, October 7,

At 7½ O'CLOCK, AT

NEW TEXAS, IN PLUM TOWNSHIP,

Will be addressed by

Col. T. M. BAYNE,

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,

Col. JOHN GLENN.

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc5

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT THE STONE TAVERN,

ON THE WASHINGTON PIKE, IN UNION BOROUGH.

On Saturday, October 9th, 1869,

At 7½ P. M. Will be addressed by

P. C. SHANNON, Esq.,

Hon. THOMAS HOWARD,

J. E. McKELVEY, Esq.,

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc5

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT

WRIGHT'S HOTEL,

WOODVILLE, ON THE WASHINGTON ROAD,

On Monday, October 11th,

At 7½ o'clock, P. M. Will be addressed by

A. M. BROWN, Esq.,

Col. T. M. BAYNE,

J. E. M'KELVEY, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings &c. oc5

INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE,

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

ISAIAH DICKEY.

Eau5:n12

LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.—$20 000 to loan on Bond and Mortgage in large or small amounts,

THOMAS K. PETTY,

Bill, Bond and Real Estate Broker,

No. 179 Smithfield street.

NEW VOLUME OF

LANGE'S COMMENTARY

Epistle to the Romans,

BY

J. P. Lange, D. D., & Rev. F. R. Fay,

Translated from the German, by J. F. HURST, D. D., with additions by P. SCHAFF, D.D., and Rev. M. B. RIDDLE. 1 vol. 8vo. Cloth.

For Sale by

JOSEPH HORNER,

129 Smithfield Street.

se25-TTHS

RARE AND

FASHIONABLE CONFECTIONS

FOR PRESENTS.

GEO. BEAVEN,

112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.

se7:n94-TTHS

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., Oct. 2, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for GRADING and PAVING of SAW MILL ALLEY, from Pine street to the Coke Ovens; also, for grading JEFFERSON STREET, from Shields alley to Monterey street: are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until OCTOBER 11, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,

oc4:p31 City Engineer.

POLITICAL.

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

ON

Friday, October 8th,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK,

AT BISMARK HOTEL,

On CHESTNUT STREET, Fourth Ward, Allegheny. Will be addressed by

Gen. WM. BLAKELY,

J. J. SIEBENECK, Esq.,

Col. JOHN GLENN.

By order Committee on Meetings and Speakers.

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT

CLINTON, IN FINDLEY TOWNSHIP,

ON

Saturday, October 9th,

At 7½ P. M. Will be addressed by

Hon. R. B. CARNAHAN,

Col. T. M. BAYNE.

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc7

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT THE

OLD SCHOOL HOUSE.

On FOURTY-FOURTH STREET, in the Seventeenth ward, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7,

At 7½ P. M. Will be addressed by

W. C. MORELAND, Esq.,

JOHN H. KERR, Esq.

By order of Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc7

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

ON

Friday, October 8th, at 7 1-2 P. M.

AT

Borough of Mount Washington.

Will be addressed by

Col. T. M. BAYNE,

W. C. MORELAND, Esq.

By order Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc7

REPUBLICAN MEETING

AT NATRONA,

ON

Saturday, October 9th, 1869,

AT 7 O'CLOCK P. M.,

Will be addressed by

A. BLAKELY, Esq.,

H. H. McCORMICK, Esq.

By order of the Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc7

☞ **GRAND RALLY IN SEVENTEENTH WARD.**

There will be a grand rally of Republicans held on FOURTY-FOURTH STREET, on

Thursday Evening, October 7th,

At 7½ P. M.

WM. C. MORELAND,

J. H. KERR, Esq.,

Will address the meeting. The Sixth Ward Marching Club have been invited and will attend oc6:p53

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

IN THE

DIAMOND, ALLLEGHENY CITY,

On Thursday, October 7,

At 7½ P. M. Will be addressed by Hon. R. B. CARNAHAM, Maj. WM. FREW, Hon. BOBT. McKNIGHT.

Committee on Meetings and Speakers,

J. S. FERGUSON, Secretary. JOHN S. LAMBIE, Chairman. oc5

☞ **REPUBLICAN MEETING**

AT

FISHER'S GROVE,

IN FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP, ON

Saturday, October 9th.

At 2 o'clock P. M. Will be addressed by

W. C. MORELAND, Esq.,

JOHN H. KERR Esq.,

JOSIAH COHEN, Esq.

By order Committee on Meetings and Speakers. oc5

☞ **GEORGE EMRICH,**

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE

FOR

MAYOR OF ALLEGHENY CITY.

oc6:p54

☞ **INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE,**

For Alderman of the Third ward,

COL. J. D. EGAN.

oc8:p47

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

Bargains	**in**	**Shawls,**
Bargains	**in**	**Cloaks,**
Bargains	**in**	**Arabs,**
Bargains	**in**	**Merinoes,**
Bargains	**in**	**Alpacas,**
Bargains	**in**	**Blankets,**
Bargains	**in**	**Poplins,**
Bargains	**in**	**Prints,**
Bargains	**in**	**Flannels,**
Bargains	**in**	**Delains,**
Bargains	**in**	**Muslins,**
Bargains	**in**	**Everything,**

AT

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59 MARKET STREET.

☞ *NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

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WANTED.—BOARDING.—A Large Second Story FRONT ROOM, suitable for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, with board, at No. 157 Fourth avenue.

LOST.

LOST.—On the St. Clair Street Suspension Bridge, or Federal Street, a GOLD PEN AND PENCIL. A liberal reward will be given if returned to No. 12 Stockton Avenue, Allegheny City.

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TO LET WITH BOARDING.— Two Front Rooms. Location the most desirable in the city, 181 North avenue, Allegheny City.

TO LET—ROOM.—A well finished second story front room, suitable for one or two young gentlemen, No. 33 Ninth street, (late Hand.)

TO LET.—A Second Story ROOM, suitable for two single gentlemen or gentleman and lady, at No. 18 Wylie street.

TO-LET—ROOM—A furnished Room, suitable for one or two single gentlemen. Terms reasonable Inquire at 173 Second avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One Two Horse Spring Wagon, suitable for a gardener, brewer or glass works.

One Covered Ambulance.

500 empty Packing Barrels for glass ware.

600 empty Whisky Barrels.

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FOR SALE.—One Two Horse Team for sale at Thirty-Sixth St. Saw Mill. DUFF, CHILCOAT & CO.

FOR SALE.—SOUTH AVENUE RESIDENCE, Allegheny City. Lot is 28 feet by 150 to a 20 feet alley; house contains 11 rooms, good cellars, gas throughout and finished in good order. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—Business Stand on Chestnut street, Allegheny City, has been used as a bakery and confectionary for a number of years, and is now occupied as such with a good custom. This is an opening seldom offered, and a practical man can do a number one business. Terms easy and satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply to CLOFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE!— CHEAP FARM one mile from a Station on the C. & P. R. R., in Jefferson county, Ohio, containing 140 acres AT ONLY $35 per acre; good improvements, good water, underlaid with coal, and in a good neighborhood. MUST BE SOLD. Terms easy. If you want a cheap farm home don't fail to call soon at the Real Estate office of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—FRUIT FARM and HOME, containing 13 acres, 10 miles from the city limits and 4 miles from a Station on the A. V. R. R.; good house, stable, &c.; ½ an acre in grapes. All kinds of fruits, from a currant to an apple. The improvements and fruits are worth all that is asked for the property; 6 acres underlaid with coal; all every acre tillable; soil equal to any in the UNITED STATES. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—SHOP ON NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.—The building, 38x70 feet, is being used by Jas. Godfrey & Co. as a manufacturing establishment. One of the members of the firm wishing to retire from business on account of poor health, we have decided to close out this part of the business at a bargain. Also good will of Steam Power (5 to 10 horse power,) tools and machinery; would make a good wagon maker shop; lot 60x100 feet, on 5 years lease. For further particulars inquire at No. 44 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa.

$65 AN ACRE WILL PURCHASE a desirable Farm of 100 acres in Columbiana county, Ohio, 4 miles from Enon Station, P., F. W. & C. R. R. Can work every foot of the land by machinery; all second bottom land; comfortable improvements, good water, &c. This property is located in what might be called the Garden of Eastern Ohio. Land around this sells for $100 per acre. Cannot fail to please a good farmer. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, oc1 No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES, LESS or more, in Plum township, Allegheny county, Allegheny Valley R. R. runs through it. Two hundred yards from station. Frame house of six rooms, and good stable, and all other necessary out-buildings; orchard of 100 bearing fruit trees, of all kinds; good garden, grape arbor, and gooseberries and currants; $25.000 worth of rock, quarry opened; will suit for residences or manufacturing establishments; coal under entire piece; good indications of oil; deepest water and best landing on the river; all well fenced. Inquire of A. B. KERR, on the premises.

FOR SALE.—A desirable resi- dence on Prospect St. near Butler St., 15th ward; lot 72x110 feet. Also, a fine large, first class STORE ROOM and DWELLING of 5 rooms and good cellar on Butler St., 17th ward. An excellent stand for business; lot 24x150 feet. A DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING on 41st St., 17th ward; lot 85x100 feet on A. V. R. R. Also a number of Houses and Lots from $850 up to $10,000.

Also, GREAT BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD, 16th ward; lots 20x137 feet for $692. Ten years to pay. Two years allowed for first payment when the person wants to build. Inquire of D. S. WIALIAMS, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Butler St., 17th ward, opposite St Johns Episcopal church. oc4-p81

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT, No. 54 James street; House, new frame, contains 7 rooms and store room; also Frame Shop on rear of lot; shop 17x28 feet; the lot is 20 by 100 feet; is a splendid place for a grocer, baker or butcher; will be sold cheap.

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HOUSE AND LOT in Salem, Ohio; 6 acres of ground in Reserve township; 2 lots on Freemont street. Other Houses and Lots in good localities. Inquire of

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Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
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au28:n67

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

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Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

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Benj. F. Fahnestock, Robert Robb,
James Herdman, John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley, James Shields,
James B. D. Meeds, Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock, Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson, Robert C. Loomis]
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira,
George Black, John Marshall,
Hill Burgwin, Walter P. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, David McCandless,
John Evans, H. W. Oliver,
John J. Gillespie, Ormsby Phillips,
William S. Haven, Henry L. Ringwalt,
Peter H. Hunker, Wm. E. Schmertz,
Richard Hays, Alexander Tindle,
James D. Kelly, William Van Kirk.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 6, 1869.

The proposition of Wm. Heath & Co. to settle their contracts, connected with the gold speculation of Friday, Sept. 24, on the basis of 135, the difference to be paid 50 per cent. in cash, and 50 per cent. in ten days, or on resumption of payment by the Gold Bank, has been accepted by the dealers whose contracts with the firm cover six millions. The entire outstanding contracts with this firm on that day's business are $9,000,000.

The Lake Shore directors are still in session.

Money is easy at 6@7 per cent. on call. One bank received $150,000 in currency from Chicago. Commercial bills are rather plentier. Gold firmer; opened at 130, and closed at 131. Carrying rates 7@8 per cent. to flat. The rise seems to be due rather to the small offerings than to any unusual demand.

The China arrived this afternoon and brought $164,000.

Governments steady. Coupons of '81, 19¼@19½; do '62, 19⅜@19¾; do '64, 19@19⅛; do '65, 19¼@19⅜; do new, 17½@17⅝; do '67, 17½@17¾; do '68, 17½@17¾; 10 40s, 8¾@8⅞; currency sixes, 8@8⅛.

State bonds dull and weak; Missouris, 86½; old Tennessees, 61; new do 62; old Virginias, 51; new do 52½; old North Carolina, 49½; new do 40.

The Assistant Treasurer gives notice that he will invest $181,556 in 49s for Treasury in 5-20 bonds to morrow, Oct. 7th, in addition to the $1,000,000 regular purchase, by taking that amount extra in offerings. This is understood to be accumulated interest in previous purchases for the sinking fund. It is announced in the advertisements, as by order of the Treasurer of the United States for the sinking fund.

The Sub-Treasurer bought to $2,000,000 in bonds to-day at 115 68-100@116 17-100. The offers were nearly $10,000,000.

The stock market was dull during the afternoon, and lost the buoyancy of the morning. There was a general decline in prices, especially on Lake Shore and Pacific Mail; the former declined from 87⅜ to 84½ and the latter from 68¾ to 64½. These two stocks were the chief features of the market throughout the day, and the decline in them towards the close dragged down the entire list.

Canton, 52; Cumberland 26¼; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾; Quicksilver, 13¼; Mariposa, 9¼; do. preferred, 17½; Pacific Mail, 66; Adams Express, 54¾; Wells, 22; American, 32; United States, 54; Merchants Union, 9¼; New York Central, 175¼; Harlem, 132; Hudson, 158; Reading, 95¾; Erie, 33; do. preferred, 56; Michigan Central, 120¼; Mich S., 83¾; Illinois Central, 130; Pittsburgh, 93¾; North Western, 72¾; preferred, 84¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 73½; Rock Island, 105¾; St. Paul, 68¾; preferred, 82; Wabash, 56⅞; Fort Wayne, 84¼; Terre Haute, 30; preferred, 56; Chicago and Alton, 140; preferred, 140; Ohio and Mississippi, 27½; St. Joe., 106½.

Mining shares dull.

Boston prices. Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 10; Hecla, 60.

Sub-Treasury balance, $91,439,232.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, October 6, 1869.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 131; Silver, 126; Eighty-one's, 119; Five Twenties, 1862, 119½; do 1864, 118¾; do 1865, 119; do 1865, Consols, 117⅞; do 1867, 117⅝; do 1868, 117⅜; Ten Forties, 108⅝; New York Central, 175½; Erie, 133¼; Reading, 96¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 85; Ohio & Mississippi, 127⅝; Michigan Southern, 84⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 94; Chicago & Rock Island, 105¾; Chicago & North Western, 72¾; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 84¾; Adams Express Company, 54; Merchants Union Express, 109½; Pacific Mail, —; Western Union Telegraph Company, 36¾; American Express Company 33.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,40	$6,55
Paris, per franc	26	27
Berlin, thaler	96	98
Frankfort, florins	56	58

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 131; United States Sixes, 1881, 119½; Five-Twenties; 1862, 117⅝; do. 1864, 119¾; do. 1865, 119½; Ten-Forties, 108⅝; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 117¾; do. do. 1867, 117¾; do. do. 1868, 117⅝; Due Compounds, —; Union Pacific Railroad, 86; Central do, do, 99; Cy. Pacific, 108½; Lake Superiors, 96.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, October 6, 1869.

We adverted briefly yesterday to the difficulty Pittsburgh is laboring under, in consequence of being treated unfairly by some of our railroads, and that an effort is now being made to have this difficulty, if possible, removed. At one time, there was quite an active business carried on between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, shipments of flour, grain, feed, and many other articles, being of almost daily occurence, but for the last fifteen months there has not been shipped from here to that or any other point in the east, over twenty cars of grain. It is alleged, and there is no reason to doubt it, that many small towns in Ohio and Indiana, on the lines of railroads centering here, ship more grain east in a week, than Pittsburgh does in months. Columbus has long boasted that shipments can be made from there to Philadelphia, much cheaper, relatively, than can be made from Pittsburgh. To illustrate: it costs the Pittsburgh dealer 21½ cents per 100 lbs from Wooster to this place; and from here to Philadelphia, 30 cts., making 51½ cts; while the through rate from Wooster to Philadelphia is only 37½ cts. per 100 lbs, showing a difference of 14 cts. against Pittsburgh and in favor of the Wooster shipper; and what is true of Wooster will apply to a large number of small towns on the line of roads centering here.

Our grain dealers in stating their grievances to the proper authorities of the Penna. Central Company, ask for nothing that is unfair and state nothing but what is true, and their request is so fair and reasonable, and withal so important, that all they seek will no doubt be granted. There is no good reason why there should not be a thriving shipping business carried on between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and other points in the east, and all that is required to bring this about is to place Pittsburgh on an equality with other points in the west; it is not right nor just that Pittsburgh should be compelled to pay within a fraction as much, to the sea board, as Chicago, Cincinnati or St. Louis, over the same roads, more than double the distance.

ASHES—Steady but unchanged—4@4¼ for Soda, and 9 for Pearls.

APPLES—Demand rather better but prices remain unchanged, $1@3 per bbl, for common to choice.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged. Sales of prime to choice Roll at 30@35.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime eastern cultivated at $11,50@12,00 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—There is still considerable inquiry both from the West and South, and standard brands may be quoted at 28@28½ for round lots, and 29@30 in a retail way.

CHEESE—Sales Hamburg at 15; Factory at 16; and Goshen at 17@18.

EGGS—Unchanged—21@22.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—Is dull and weak with a drooping tendency though unchanged. We continue to quote good to choice winter wheat brands at $6,50@7,00.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and unchanged, $1,25@1,30. Oats dull but unchanged—48 to arrive, buyer furnishing sacks, and 52@53 in store. Corn is steady with sales of prime yellow on wharf and track, at $1, and in store at $1,05. Rye is dull and cannot fairly be quoted above $1,05@1,07. Sales of prime Barley at $1,25@1,30.

HAY—May be fairly quoted from country wagons at $15@20 per tun, for common to strictly prime timothy.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $1,75 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1, at $1,43@1,45, and No. 2, at $1,05@1,08.

ONIONS—Scarce and firmer, with sales at $3,50@3,75 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Firmer and higher. Shoulders, 16¾@17; Ribbed Sides, 20; Short Ribbed, 20½; Clear do, 21; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 22½; Cavassed do, 24. Mess Pork, $33@33½. Lard, 20¼ in tirces, 20½ in ½ bbls, and 21 in kegs. Dried Beef, 22.

PEANUTS—None in market.

POULTRY—Sales of chickens at 55 to 65 cents per pair.

POTATOES—Sales of prime Jersey sweets at $5,00@5,25 per bbl.

SEED—Flaxseed is in demand, and the mills are paying $2,20@2,25. Small sales of timothy seed at $4,25@4,50. No demand for clover seed.

SALT—Is firmer, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

STRAW—Sold in Allegheny market at $12 per ton.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Trade has almost come to a stand still, in consequence of the floods, which stopped travel for a time, and to-night, in consequence of the pinch in money, the prices of Dry Goods are without further important changes, but the tendency, nevertheless, is toward easier rates.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, October 6.—Cattle market quiet and weak at $3@5,75 for common Cows and Texan Steers: $4@5,37½ for good Cows and light steers; $6,50@6,85 for good even steers. Hogs quiet at $8,85@9,15 for common; $9,25@9,40 for fair to medium; $9,65@10 for good to choice; $10,20 for extra.

ST. LOUIS, October 6.—Cattle in good demand for common and medium at 5½@6½c for inferior to best butchers. Hogs active at $8,25@10,50 for fat, and $6,50@8 for stock.

TOLEDO, October 6.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat 2@2½c better; No. 3 white Wabash at $1,06; No. 1 white Michigan at $1,25; regular do at $1,12½; amber at $1,12; No. 1 red at $1,17; No. 2 do at $1,12½; No. 3 do at $1,05. Corn dull; No. 1 at 77c; No. 2 at 75. Oats closed 1c better; No. 1 at 46c; No. 2 at 42c. Freights 4¾@9½c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts: 4,400 bbls flour, 30,000 bush wheat, 1,000 bush corn, 4,200 bush oats, 300 bush rye, 6,500 bush barley. Shipments: 1,600 bbls flour. 47,000 bush wheat, 2,400 bush corn, 63,000 bush oats.

CLEVELAND, October 6.—Wheat dull and lower, with sales No. 1 red winter at $1,15; No. 2 do. nominal at $1,13; nothing done in other qualities. Corn market dull and heavy; one sale No. 1 at 92c, an extreme figure. Oats dull and tending downward; held at 49@50c for No. 1 State; 48c is the outside offer. Petroleum quiet and steady; refined held at 28c, prime light straw to white at 28½@29c, standard white in large lots for jobbing trade at 30@31c; crude held at $6,50.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

EDUCATIONAL.

Allegheny Board of Controllers' Regular Monthly Meeting.

A regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Controllers of Allegheny City was held yesterday, Oct. 5th, 1869.

The meeting was organized by calling Mr. John U. Barr to the chair, in the absence of the President, and was opened with prayer by Mr. Eaton.

The roll was called by Secretary Francis, when the following gentlemen answered to their names: Messrs. John U. Barr, S. Barker, Frederick Beckart, Wm. Brown, Moses Borland, Joseph Chadwick, H. M. Dunlap, L. H. Eaton, R. B. Francis, Arthur Hobson, Fred. Haney, R. Kallock, Robert Lea, James Lockhart, H. W. Minnemeyer, George Moul, Wm. Mussler, Simon McRoberts, George McConnell, Nat. McClinton, Wm. Oakley, D. L. Patterson, Robert Pitcairn, Francis Torrence, Wm. F. Trimble, Robert White.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The reports of the several Visiting Committees were then called for and given.

The Committee from the Second Ward asked for an additional teacher of the primary grade for same ward.

On motion, the request was granted.

The Committee from the Fifth Ward reported the election of Miss Fannie Hugglewood, as teacher in the primary department, and asked that said election be confirmed.

On motion, the election was confirmed.

The report from the Sixth Ward showed the schools to be in a favorable condition, and the Committee reported the election of Miss Smith, as teacher in the primary department, and also an assistant teacher in the night school.

On motion the election was confirmed.

On motion of Mr. Lea the Secretary and President were directed to certify warrants for the payment of salaries at the close of each month, and not require the teachers to wait until the Board should take action on the monthly pay rolls.

Mr. Lea, Chairman of the Special Committee relative to the Mute School, reported that he had been absent from the city, and consequently had not called the Committee together.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The following is the report of the Secretary, showing the number of scholars and average attendance for the month of September:

	No. Enrolled.	Av. Attend'ce.
First ward	638	543
Second ward	1,206	1,043
Third ward	1,330	1,067
Fourth ward	1,055	885
Fifth ward	741	612
Sixth ward	753	597
Seventh ward	414	354
Eighth ward	178	153
Colored Schools	161	134
Total	6,494	5,388

SALARIES PAID.

The Secretary reported that salaries had been paid to teachers to the amount of $6,179.00.

On motion of Mr. Eaton, an additional teacher was allowed to the Fifth ward.

Mr. Kollock offered a resolution requesting the County Superintendent of Common Schools to visit the city schools and make an extensive report to the Board of Controllers. Adopted.

Mr. Lockhart offered a resolution changing Miss Renwick from the primary to the grammar department, in the Second ward. Adopted.

Mr. Eaton moved that the Board publish an annual report of the transactions of the Board during the present year. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Eaton, the matter of making the annual report was referred to the Committee on Printing, in conjunction with the Secretary.

Mr. Moul presented a resolution fixing the salaries of Principals having six or more assistants at $1,400, and all Principals having from three to five assistants at $1,200.

Mr. Mussler moved to lay the resolution on the table when the yeas and nays were called with the following result: yeas, 10, nays, 15.

The question recurred on the original resolution.

While the question was pending it was discovered that there was no quorum in the house, and the Board adjourned.

Continental.

Mr. Holtzheimer, proprietor of the Continental, next door below the Post Office, Fifth avenue, makes it a cardinal principle in the management of his popular establishment to be always up to the times, whether in the fitting or furnishing of the Continental or the bill of fare with which his patrons are daily favored. As a result, the success which attends his efforts to please are in the highest degree satisfactory to all, both patrons and proprietor. The incredulous should visit the establishment and form an opinion from ocular demonstration.

The Ladies of the two cities are informed that Miss Bartholomew, an accomplished artist, has opened rooms at 65 Federal street, Allegheny, on the second floor, where plain and *ornamental hair work* is made or repaired; also ladies' *hair dressing* done in approved style at the shop or at their residences.

M&TH.3W.

Baggage Smashers.

A gentleman just returned from a trip to Omaha with his family, reports his trunks stripped of coverings, smashed, stove in, and well nigh ruined. Last year he made a tour of eleven thousand miles over the whole of Europe with the same trunks, and on arriving back in New York they showed but little signs of wear and tear. At one point in the west, on his Omaha trip, he saw two of his trunks hurled down to the depot platform from the top of a pile ten feet high.

This gentleman's experience is that of all others who travel in the United States. It is simply outrageous, the rough and ruinous handling to which baggage is subjected on nearly all the routes of travel. One might infer that baggage masters were in league with trunk makers, receiving a per centage for all the havoc and ruin they occasioned among luggage. They certainly act as if they enjoyed a *carte blanche* from their employers to treat all baggage allotted to their care as so much lumber or *debris*.

Massachussetts last year passed a law to check this species of outrage, and we call upon our next Legislature to give us a simliar enactment, and then when the law is once on the statute books let it be rigidly enforced. We have seen that through the efforts of one man, very much of the cruelty hitherto practiced upon dumb brutes has been checked in this city. Let a few of the sufferers bring the law (once passed) to bear upon the rascals who ruin our baggage, and it will soon put a stop to the business. Not only Massachusetts and New York, but all the States in the Union should have legislation against baggage smashing.

PROMONTORY POINT.

A Queer Town—Who Lives There and What They Do.

[From the Quincy Whig, August 17.]

Promontory Point, on the Union Pacific Railroad, must be a queer "city;" in fact, must be a lovely village in which to dwell. The following description, taken from a letter written some days ago by a gentleman at the Point, to a friend in this city, induces us to think that the Point must certainly, without doubt, be a healthy locality. It would not suit us; fluids appear to be entirely too scarce. However, we give the description of the place as written by a gentleman who is "thar," and knows all about it:

"We have about four hundred inhabitants, consisting and made up of men and women who gain a livelihood by close attention to the following branches of business: Railroad men, telegraphers, grocery men, saloon keepers, restaurant keepers, cheap clothing establishments, Chinamen, Indians, dogs, horse-thieves, confidence men and gamblers. The town is built almost entirely of canvas tents, &c. The nearest water to us is nine miles; bring what we use here in tanks on flat cars; get plenty of everything we wont to eat, and all kinds of fruit and vegetables daily from California. So you see that on that score we are very well provided for; but for the balance I can't say as much; yet, as the boy said, 'It's better than thunder,' and not much either.

"The country around here is the most dreary desert, parched up alkali and sage brush place you ever saw—very hot through the day, but cool at night. Forty miles east of here is the great Salt Lake Valley, rather a fine country and full of Mormoms, who hate and despise a Gentile worse than the poison; but if ever the two companies settle their difficulties, and get the junction permanently established anywhere in the valley, they will have to come to time. It would not be such a bad place to live anywhere in the valley, but here, O Lord, deliver us! We live in hopes that it won't be long until we will be moved from here. Last week we had a man shot here, and another stabbed, and the same day a prize-fight, and now, while I write, the 'bruisers' and 'fancy' are congregated across the street, and are having another fight for one hundred dollars a side. The contestants for the prize are two gentlemen (?) who rejoice in the euphonious titles of 'Horse Thief Joe' and 'Smoky Hill Jack.' They are fighting in a large tent. Admission $1,50. Front seats reserved for ladies (?). I can tell every time one of them gets in a 'winder' from the shoulder, or 'goes to grass,' by the shouts and yells that arise from their admiring audience. You ought to be here to see the gamblers 'go for' the passengers with three-carte monte and other nice little games. Yesterday one fellow lost $1,300 before he found out it was not a square game he was playing. Oh, its nice out here."

National Debts.

A paper was read at a recent meeting of the National Reform Union, held at Manchester, England, giving a statement of the public debt, and the amount *per capita* in gold dollars, and correcting the figures for the United States to the date of the latest return, in the following toble:

United States	$2,475,962,500	$ 63 50
Great Britain	3,985,158,250	132 50
France	2,833,400,285	74 70
Russia	1,372,723,850	17 77
Austria	1,344,825,320	36 30
Italy	1,057,516,490	47 06
Spain	844,674,350	51 12
Holland	408,963,995	109 46
Turkey	345,711,250	5 77
Portugal	214,852,260	49 33
Prussia (1866)	210,615,320	8 91
Brazil	153,811,445	15 31
Bavaria	148,346,335	30 85
Belgium	125,390,105	25 14
Denmark	74,312,325	44 68
Greece	70,000,000	63 81
Sweden	20,574,360	5 00
Chili	14,657,025	8 75
Norway	8,270,785	5 45

There are thus two countries which have a greater debt than the United States, viz: Great Britain and France, and four in which the debt is greater per head than with us, viz: Great Britain, Holland, France and Greece. There is this important difference in our favor, that our debt is rapidly diminishing, promising to be extinguished within a generation, while the debts of most other countries are increasing annually. Then, too, exertion either of muscle or brain, and the use of money, are paid for so much more liberally in the United States than in Europe, that the proportion of individual debt to the average annual earnings is very much less with us than in those countries having a smaller *per capita* debt.

OUR young readers will find much interest and pleasure in the following experiment for changing the color of flowers:

Take a teaspoonful of flour of sulphur, place it in an old saucer and set fire to it with a common match. When it gets fairly burning, take some high-colored flower—double ones are the best—and hold it above it, at such a distance as to prevent its being burnt by the flames of the sulphur, and the tips of the petals will be changed into another color; for instance, a double purple dahlia will have the petals tipped with white, or a double red one will become tipped with yellow, and if the flower is exposed long enough, the whole flower will become changed in color. Care must be had not to inhale the fumes of the sulphur, nor should it be done in the house, for it may fade the color of the curtains, paperhangings, or furniture, besides filling the house with unpleasant fumes.

THE latest fabrication from Cuba has been about the battle of Los Tunas. The Spaniards reported a great victory there, with thousands engaged. The Cubans, to be even with the Spaniards, reported that *they* gained the victory. It now appears that there was no battle at all, although the forces engaged, the number of killed and wounded and the incidents of the fight were stated with great minuteness. This is another warning to believe very little that may be told about Cuba.

MADAME DETCHELLES is said to have been the chief loser by Eugenie giving up her Eastern trip. She makes that lady's bonnets, and had got up for Her Majesty a real love of a bonnet, which she called "the Oriental bonnet," and she had ordered thousands of them for the Parisian ladies, who never feel happy unless they can imitate the costume worn by the Empress. The Oriental bonnet will now be a complete failure, and Madame Deschelles will lose a large amount of money in consequence.

—The case of the so-called privateer Cuba came up for trial at Wilmington, N. C., yesterday, and after argument, was postponed till the 11th inst., to allow Government time to procure witnesses.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seawed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since has recovered many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and sexually impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stampe*. ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. mv21:162

THE HEALING POOL.—ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, who have fallen into vicious habits, and now desire a higher life, and a better MANHOOD, with certain means of relief for the afflicted. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Penna. se25:3m-d&F

LIVERY STABLES.

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left forsale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

ly28-m66

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:b4

FLOUR.

NOTICE TO FLOUR DEALERS AND CONSUMERS.—We are now receiving a lot of **40,000** bushels carefully selected WHITE AND AMBER AND TENNESSEE WHEAT, purchased in Gibson, Pa'ke, Green and Morgan counties, Indiana. This lot of Wheat is the very best to be found and cannot be surpassed by any in the United States.

We have also finished our improvements in Machinery, Bolting Cloths and Cooling Rooms, and are now prepared to furnish the best Flour we have made for ten years at prices that defy competition on the same grades of flour.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.

September **13**, 1869.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, **347** bbls Ha Ha, **367** bbls Ermine, **170** bbls Summit Mills **270** bbls Winona Co., **580** bbls Red River, **133** bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, **465** bbls White Star, **500** bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massilon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WAIT, LANG & CO.,

172 and **174** Wood Street.

BELTING.

LEATHER AND GUM BELTING

Also, Gum Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., always on hand and for sale, wholesale or retail, by J. & H. PHILLIPS,

se2 **26** and **28** Sixth Street.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Oct. 6, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for the construction of a public sewer on Forty-eighth street, from the Allegheny river to Butler street, and for the grading paving and curbing of Forty-third street from Butler to Pearson's Line, and for the grading, paving and curbing of Greenough street from Try street to Iron alley—will be received at his office until Tuesday, October **12**th, 1869, at 3 P. M. No bids will be received unless made out on the proper blanks. Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office.

H. J. MOORE,
oc6:p52 City Engineer.

PROPOSALS

FOR

Lumber, Bricks, Slate, Glass & Copper.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Arsenal until **10** A. M. on TUESDAY, October **5**th, **1869**, for furnishing

80,000 feet White Pine Flooring, best quality, 1½ by **6** inches by **12**, **14**, **16** and **18** feet long.

96,000 feet White Pine Sheathing Boards 1½ by 8 inches by **14**, **16** and **18** feet long.

95,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by **5** inches, and **16** feet long.

20,000 feet White Pine Joists 2½ by **4** inches, and **16** feet long.

All lumber to be of good quality, entirely free from large or loose knots, sap, shakes, splits and rot, and all to be delivered at site of shops at this Arsenal before the close of navigation in **1869**.

Proposals will be made per thousand feet, board measure, and will state whether the lumber will be delivered on cars or wagons.

SEALED PROPOSALS will also be received at this Arsenal until **10** A. M. on WEDNESDAY, October **20**th, **1869**, for furnishing the following materials:

About **1,100,000** Bricks for floor arches.

All bricks must be of the best quality, sound and well burnt. Samples will be furnished with the bids.

Proposals will be made per thousand bricks, delivered at site of shops, at this Arsenal, and will state whether on cars or wagons. Delivery to commence by **1st** of May, **1870**, and all to be delivered before August **1st**, **1870**.

ALSO, for furnishing and putting on in mortar with copper nails, about **600** squares (of **100** square feet) ROOF SLATING.

The slate must be of the best quality. Samples of different sizes and varieties will be furnished and separate proposals made for each.

Proposals will be made per square (of **100** square feett) of slating exposed when put on the roof, no extra allowance to be made for edges or waste in cutting. The United States to furnish no labor and no material, excepting sand and lime for the mortar.

The roof to be laid so that less than one-third of the length of each slate shall be exposed to the weather, and all laid within sixty days after the roof shall have been made ready for slating.

ALSO FOR GLASS.

800 lights **27** by 13½ inches.
1,400 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
1,900 lights 26½ by 13½ inches.
350 lights **27** by 13½ inches.
200 lights **25** by 13½ inches.

The glass to be of the best quality of window glass, double thickness, clear, out of wind, free from blisters, waves and stains. Samples will be furnished with the proposals.

Separate proposals will be made per **100** lights of each variety, delivered in cars at the site of shops at Rock Island Arsenal, all to be delivered before May **1st**, **1870**.

ALSO, FOR COPPER GUTTERS AND SPOUTING.

About **1,370** lineal feet of Gutters made of sheets, **4** feet wide.

About **580** lineal feet of Valley Gutters, made of sheets **2** feet **6** inches wide.

About **920** lineal feet of Ridge Cover made of sheets **2** feet wide.

About **760** lineal feet of slushings for gables made of sheets **1** foot **8** inches wide.

About **725** lineal feet of Down Spouts **4** inches in diameter.

The copper to be of the best quality, No. **18** (or **2** x **5** lbs. per square foot) and to be made up and placed in position in the manner to be prescribed by the Commanding Officer of Rock Island Arsenal. The work to commence within **10** days after notification that the roof is made ready. Proposals will be made per lineal foot of each variety. The United States to furnish no labor or material.

Persons desirous to make proposals for these materials can see all the drawings and obtain all necessary information by applying at this Arsenal.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or parts of bids, not deemed satisfactory, and to duplicate within one year any contract that may be made in conformity with this advertisement.

All proposals will be made in duplicate and in detail, addressed to the Commanding Officer, Rock Island Arsenal, and endorsed

"Proposals for furnishing (materials.)"

T. J. RODMAN,
Lt. Colonel Ordnance, Bvt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.
Rock Island Arsenal, September **22**, **1869**.
se28:090

PROPOSALS

Will be received at the office of the undersigned until SATURDAY, October **2**d, 9 A. M., for furnishing **350** of Gold's Improved Indirect Radiators, and fitting up the same for warming the new parts of the Allegheny County Jail. Further information given at our office.

se30:p15 BARR & MOSER.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Oct. **2**, **1869**.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing of FORBES STREET, from Chestnut to Magee street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, October **13**th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

oc2:p25 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Oct. **2**, **1869**.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for grading and paving Locust alley from Fortieth to Forty-first street is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, October **13**th, **1869**, when it will be sent to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

oc2:p26 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, Sept. **28**, **1869**.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing BEECH ALLEY from Pride to Millenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 8th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

se28:o100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

JEFFERSON STREET.—THE undersigned, appointed Viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny, will meet on the premises on SATURDAY, October 9th, **1869**, at 2 o'clock P. M. to attend to the duties of our appointment.

S. W. McGUINNESS,
JAMES GRAHAM,
se23:o66-2w ANDREW DAVIDSON.

WALL PAPERS.

ELEGANT PAPER HANGINGS.

Enameled Wall Papers in plain tints impervious to soot and smoke. Vermillion grounds with gold and inlaid figures. EMBOSSED VELVETS, INDIA TAPESTRY, GREEK PANELS stamped and printed gold.

Newly imported and not to be found elsewhere in the country. For sale at

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street.

se11

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. **107** Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. **107** Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

LEGAL.

ESTATE OF MISS M. MARKHAM, Dec'd.—Letters Testamentary having been granted to me on the above Estate, all persons having claims against it will present them to me for payment, and those indebted to said Estate will make payment to me.

R. EDWARDS, Executor.
No. **38** Wood street, Pittsburgh.
se20:p12:TH

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of JAMES WILSON, dec'd, late of Second ward, Allegheny City all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARTHA WEAVER,
Administratrix,
Or GEO. R. COCHRAN,
oc5 p46 **60** Grant St., Pittsburg.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and **1529** SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September **20**. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
jy20:TTH8 Principal.

INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
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Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
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JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D.D., Vice President,
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This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH

OFFICE, No. **167** WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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jy4:

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, **435** & **437** CHESTNUT ST., near **5**TH.

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CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, **92** Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

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Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

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ap6

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks.

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Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
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CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. **37** FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK. Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
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Harvey Childs,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale,
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SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTINGS.

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the traveling community.

J. B. HARRIS

Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and

MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto, I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

Last night but two of the popular artistes, MARY MITCHELL ALBAUGH AND J. W. ALBAUGH.

THURSDAY EVENING, October 5th, 1869, first time here of an entirely new sensational drama, entitled

LIFE IN THE STREETS:

Or the Vicissitudes of an Orange Girl.

John Freyer.....J. W. Albaugh.
Jane Grierson.....Mary Mitchell Albaugh.

To conclude with the petite comedy,

A DAY AFTER THE WEDDING.

Col. Freelove.....J. W. Albaugh.
Lady Freelove.....Mary Mitchell Albaugh.

Saturday afternoon, Albaugh Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee.—Ladies' Matinee at 2½ o'clock. Mlle. De Vere, Mlle. Drain and all the stars appearing. Admission to Matinee, **25** cents. To-night—A GREAT BILL, including the melo-drama entitled The Soltaire of the Heath.

Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday. Admission to Matinee, **25** cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PAREPA ROSA.

Grand English Opera.

SIX NIGHTS ONLY AND A MATINEE.

Will be given by the celebrated PAREPA ROSA ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY, comprising the best and most popular artistes on the English and American stages. A full and efficient Chorus and Grand Orchestra.

OPENING NIGHT, MONDAY, OCT. 18.

Full particulars in future advertisements.
oc2

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.

No. **65** Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.

8 lots **25**x**131** feet, graded, only **$500**—**$100** per year. 4 lots **24**x**132** feet, **$400**—**$100** per year. 1 lot **25**x**129** feet, **$500**; Reed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot **24**x**100** feet; only **$1.100**. Brick house

MISSIONARY.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

number of the audience, which prolonged the occasion for more than an hour.

Rev. Mr. Happer has been a missionary in China for the past twenty-five years, and the happy couple, after spending a four weeks honeymoon with their friends here, expect to leave for that distant field of labor. The good wishes and prayers of many hearts go with them.

Childrens' Meeting.

The childrens' meeting which according to the programme was held in the First Presbyterian Church, yesterday afternoon, was attended by an immense audience of those interested in the Sunday School work, and proved as interesting and profitable as any of the series. The spacious auditorium of the Church was crowded to overflowing, when at four o'clock the meeting was called to order, with Rev. J. B. Wilcox, of New London, Connecticut, presiding.

The opening exercise was the singing of the hymn commencing

"All hail the power of Jesus' names,"

which was followed with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Critchlow, of New Brighton.

The Chairman then introduced Rev. Albert Bushnell, of Gaboon, Africa, who proceeded to address the children. The speaker remarked that it always gave him great pleasure to meet the children. He hoped to have their attention while he talked for a few moments. More than fifty years ago he had been brought into the Sunday School, and for more than twenty-five years he had been engaged as a missionary to Africa. The speaker then gave a brief but very interesting description of the country and the people; dwelling particularly on their idolatry and misery, and their great need of the gospel. The work of the missionaries in Africa was briefly reviewed, from which it appeared that schools are organized, where the children are taught, and many of these children evince a remarkable aptitude in learning. A great many of them have learned to read, and some have advanced into the higher mathematics. They are being instructed in the principles of Christianity, and numbers of them are already earnest Christians.

The speaker hoped that the work would prosper still more rapidly—that God would raise up laborers to prosecute it—that among some of the children listening to him there might be at least one who would grow up to be an earnest missionary and give his life to the leading of the heathen to the Cross.

At the close of these remarks, the audience joined in singing

"From Greenland's icy mountains,"

Rev. W. R. Stickney, of Asia, was next introduced. The speaker was dressed in Asiatic costume. He gave a short account of the manners and customs of the Asiatics and a very encouraging account of the work of Missions in that country. He made an earnest appeal to the children to do all they could to support the missionaries in their good work, and closed his interesting address by repeating the Lord's Prayer in Syriac.

The audience then united in singing:

"Shall we whose souls are lighted"

The next speaker was Rev. B. W. Chidlaw, of Cincinnati. It was not necessary, he said, to address these children as those who had never heard the Gospel. They had the Bible—the light of the world—to light them on the way to Heaven. This Bible was like a torch to a benighted traveler—all should accept its light—to fit them for happiness in this life, fit and prepare them for leading others to Christ, and finally leading them into Heaven. He hoped his hearers would accept the Bible as their guide, commit its precepts to memory and profit by its truths. In this way they would be enabled to love Christ, here labor for Him, and finally be with Him in glory.

The children and audience now sang with great spirit and enthusiasm the Hymn

"The morning light is breaking."

After which the exercises were concluded by prayer by the Rev. Alexander Clark.

Meeting at the First Church.

The meeting at the First Presbyterian church, on Wood street, last evening, was well attended, the spacious interior being filled. The exercises were commenced by singing the nineteenth hymn, commencing:

"Ye Christian Herald's go proclaim."

Senator Wm. A. Buckingham, of Connecticut, who had been selected to preside over the meeting, on taking the chair made an eloquent address on the subject of religion and the missionary work.

Rev. B. W. Chidlaw, of Cincinnati, Ohio, then delivered an impressive and feeling prayer.

The congregation then united in singing two verses of the thirty-seventh Hymn, commencing

"There is a fountain filled with blood
Drawn from Immanuel's veins."

The Chairman requested the Speakers not to occupy over fifteen or twenty minutes each.

Rev. H. A. Wilder, Missionary to the Zulu's in South Africa, was then called upon.

Mr. Wilder said he came from the dark corner of heathenism, where there was a small band of missionaries. He had heard a great deal said about the dying out of the monthly concert, which he attributed to a system of skepticism, which led a great many people to think the heathen better off without the Scriptures. He came from a country where unknown centuries of heathenism had rested upon the people, and where they, the people, were so ignorant and degraded that they have not even a system of idol worship. Notwithstanding their ignorance, however, they had a very clear knowledge of right and wrong, although they knew nothing of the Scriptures or of God. He found a great many people in his travels through this land of Christianity who believed that the heathen, who bowed down to gods of wood and stone, or had no gods to worship, were well enough off for eternity without the Scriptures. He returned to this country after a few years' absence and found a people who were worshipping in school houses now meeting in palaces. The country prospered, and a fair share of the prosperity was in the church, yet the contributions for missionary purposes have not kept pace with the prosperity of the country. He feared this state of affairs was sapping life from the church, church, as a mining church. The amount contributed by the American Church for missionary purposes would not average twenty-five cents to each member. This was an insult to God and the last command of our Saviour, and the people should wake up to the importance of the work that was to be done. Notwithstanding the abject poverty of the people of his mission, in addition to meeting their home missions, they contributed to the American Board of Missions an average of one dollar each.

Rev. O. P. Allen, Missionary from Eastern Turkey, was next introduced by the Chairman.

Mr. Allen said that the Christains in Turkey were gratefully thankful to Christians in this country for their kind rememberanc of them. The great object of the mission to which he was attached, was to sustain the native mission and send out native preachers. The time of the speaker was consumed in giving statistics connected with the missionary work in his particular field of labor. That six churches had been formed, and 14,000 copies of the Bible and 28,000 copies of other religious books had been sold to the natives. Schools and Seminaries had also been established. Six of the churches are under the immediate care of the speaker were already self sustaining, and five others were nearly so, while none paid less than half the expenses of sustaining the churches and schools.

Rev. Dr. Jonathan Stearns of Newark, N. J., was next introduced, and addressed the meeting.

Mr. Stearns regretted that the missionaries had not been permitted to go on, as there was no subject of more interest to him than to listen to the experience of those self-sacrificing men who had gone out to teach the heathen. The speaker said that the gentlemen who had preceded him, had uttered some forcible words, and when the brother from Africa referred to the neglect of the heathen by Christians in this country, he felt that there was nothing to say in reply—no excuse to offer. He said that the skepticism referred to was greater than many had an idea of. Many persons thought it impossible to convert the world to Christianity, and that they gave sufficient to keep up the reputation of the Church and allowed the heathen to take care of himself. He held that the world could and would be converted, not by any one Church, but by the entire Christian Church.

At the conclusion of Mr. Stearns address, the long metre Doxology was sung, after which Rev. Dr. Stearns pronounced the benediction, and the congregation were dismissed.

Evening Session.

Another very large audience assembled at the Third Church last evening, to participate in the exercises.

The programme was opened with a voluntary, rendered in fine style by the choir, after which the Rev. Dr. Jacobus led the audience in prayer.

THE ADDRESSES.

Rev. Dr. Goodwin, of Chicago, was then introduced and delivered an address of some length, in which he said it was no longer any question of debate that the cause of Missions was settled, and the work must go on, cost what it might of money, time or talent. Every man, woman and child was interested, individually and collectively, in the cause. The two thousand missionaries which had been the answer of the Church to the call of these benighted people for light were only as skirmishers, and must be supported by any army to push forward the work. This was not doing the work of the Church. She must arouse herself to greater activity for success. The present was the time peculiarly for the work, the way was open, and the nations and peoples whose doors had been thrown open to the privileges of commerce and intercourse with the rest of the world, must have the benefits and blessings of the gospel.

To accomplish this one of the great measures was a greater consecration, at more self sacrificing spirit. As in other days when the nation was struggling for life, men were called to look death in the face, the question was "who shall be sacrificed?" and from all over the land, the response came from patriotic mothers, "take my sons, take my all that the country may be saved," so in this work when the question is asked, "how shall we prosecute the work?" the answer should be, "take my all, only let the cause of the Lord prosper." If this were the spirit of the American Churches, the success of the Missions would be secured.

Rev. S. C. Damon, seamen's chaplain at Honolulu, Hiawaiin Islands, next spoke for some time, giving a very interesting account of the progress of the work under his charge. He favored the sending of a missionary to Japan. They were an intelligent and interesting people, and a work here could hardly fail to result in great success. If there were any doubts with the Board upon the practicability of sending a missionary to these people, he hoped it would be expelled and the experiment tried which he felt would be crowned with God's richest blessing.

The congregation now united in singing the 5th Hymn

"Joy to the world the Lord has come,
Let earth receive her King."

The Chairman next introduced C. C. Coffin, Esq., "Carleton," of the Boston *Journal*, as one who had "traveled in many lands and produced books which had out-traveled him."

Mr. Coffin made a very interesting address, in which he dwelt at length on the self-sacrificing zeal and devotion of the noble men and women who were laboring in distant fields, and with people among whom he had traveled. The result of these labors could not be told until the jewels were made up in the kingdom of rest. In reviewing the work, the speaker said he had been proud to find in his travels that the American flag was respected everywhere as the emblem of civilization and our American missionaries as the most successful, It seems as if God had peculiarly blessed our land and designed to use us as a means of spreading his glorious gospel. America should feel this, and instead of moving along in a dilatory manner, should "push things. Missionary enterprise should be engaged in with a zeal and fervor like that which caused our brothers and friends to do and suffer, and die in a holy cause. A greater consecration was needed, which, relying upon the promises and power of the Omnipotent, should make greater exertions for the cause of missions. Put more missionaries in the field, sustain them while there, add constantly to the number, and the proper result would be achieved. The speaker closed his remarks by quoting a verse of the hymn,

"Nearer, my God, to Thee,"

When the audience instinctively arose and sang the hymn entire, with thrilling effect.

The Chairman next introduced the friend of Geo. H. Stuart, Esq., Rev. Mr. Tower, of England, whom Mr. Stuart said was a man who could sing "Rock of Ages" with a clear conscience and was a man after his own heart.

Mr. Tower, upon taking the stand, apologized for the absence of Mr. Stuart, detained by illness, and delivered a pertinent address, full of many happy hits and allusions. He adverted with pleasure to the many evidences of progress which the "children" had exhibited since his arrival in the country, and hoped that it might always be thus.

He could not think any questions more interesting than those which had been under discussion. There was but one point which he thought might be dwelt upon. He believed in a wholesome faith, that unless men and women or children were converted, they would be lost in perdition, and then the glorious fact of a Savior would be more highly appreciated, and the work of saving souls, either in home or foreign lands, be prosecuted with more vigor. He hoped that the influence of the meeting might be such as to cause all to labor in the future more earnestly for the cause.

"Rock of ages"

was sung by the congregation, after which Rev. Dr. Marsh, of Philadelphia, was introduced and made a short address, in unison with the others, urging greater labor in the cause and renewed exertions.

Rev. F. A. Noble now made the announcements for to-day, and the meeting adjourned with the Doxology and Benediction.

Programme for To-Day:

MORNING MEETINGS.

First Church (Wood street)—Prayer meeting at 8½ o'clock. Hon. John H. Page, of Vermont, will conduct the meeting.

Women's Board of Missions will meet at 9½ o'clock.

Third Church (Sixth avenue)—Regular session of the Board at 9½ o'clock.

AFTERNOON MEETINGS.

First Church, (Wood street)—Communion Service at 3½ oclock. Ministers officiating: Rev. W. A. Stearns, President of Amherst College; Rev. Seth Sweetzer, of Worcester; Dr. E. B. Webb, of Boston; Rev. A. C. Barstow, of Providence.

Third Church—(Sixth street) Communion Service at 3½ o'clock.

Ministers Officiating — Rev. Albert Barnes, Philadelphia, Rev. J. F. Tuttle, President of Wabash College, Rev. Dr. E. K. Alden, of Boston.

EVENING MEETINGS.

First Church (Wood street)—Hon. A. C. Barston, of Providence, will preside and make the opening address. Addresses will also be delivered by Prof. S. C. Bartlett, of Chicago; C. C. Coffin—("Carleton," of the *Boston Journal*); Rev. E. P. Hastings, Missionary to Ceylon.

Third Church, (Sixth street,)—Rev. Dr. Hopkins, of Amherst College, will preside. Addresses by Dr. H. M. Storrs, of Booklyn, Rev. Albert Bushnell, Missionary to Africa, Rev. O. P. Allen, Missionary to Turkey, and Dr. N. G. Clark.

Pittsburgh School of Design.

Miss. E. K. Hayhurst, the first Principal of our School of Design, distinguished for her rare abilities, devotion and zeal at the head of the institution, was obliged by physical prostration to retire from the school just after the annual exhibition in January last. Her ultimate death, in August, will be long lamented by the many attached pupils who have profited by her instructions.

Miss Annie Henderson, an accomplished graduate of the school, has served as Acting Principal since the retirement of Miss Hayhurst until the 4th instant, when Mr. Hugh Newell, a gentleman favorably known in this city, both as an experienced teacher and an accomplished artist, having been chosen by the Trustees for Principal, entered upon the discharge of his duties. The preferment of Mr. Newell is regarded as very fortunate for the future prospects of the school, and we understand that the classes are rapidly filling up. We fear, however, that the great value of the training imparted in this admirable school is not duly appreciated, that hundreds of young ladies and gentlemen are wasting precious time in idleness or useless studies, who might here acquire an art as useful as it is ornamental, and afterwards prosecute it for amusement or for a livelihood. Parents should not overlook the fact that such an institution, well furnished with all needful apparatus and models, and in charge of an accomplished Principal and assistants, is in full operation in their midst.

The Election Law.

A question having arisen as to the proper mode of voting for Council and Ward officers in the city of Pittsburgh, the undersigned were appointed by the Republican Executive Committee of the county, to examine the Acts of Assembly and publish their opinion as to the correct form for tickets.

The Second Section of the Act of April 1st, 1868, provides as follows: "One ticket shall embrace the names of all candidates for the City Councils voted for and be labeled Councils, and one ticket shall embrace the names of all School Directors and other ward officers voted for and be labeled Ward. The ward officers are such as are elected by the voters of each ward respectively, and include School Directors, Alderman, Judge of Election, Inspector and Return Inspector, Assessor and Constable. There should, therefore, be two tickets in each ward, one labeled 'Councils' on the outside with the names of all members of Councils upon the inside, the other labeled 'Ward,' with the names of all the above named ward officers inside."

W. B. HUNTER.
J. S. SLAGLE.
N. P. REED.
Committee.

Braddock Borough.

The following are the Republican Nominations of the Borough of Braddock:

Burgess—George Fritz.
Council—C. C. Fawcet, John Harrison, Wm. Redman, John Dowler, John Shrevein.
School Directors—Thomas Stratheurn, Samuel Dempster, Thomas McVay.
Justice of the Peace—Samuel Dempster, George A. Smith.
Auditor—S. M. Packer, Philip Sharees.
Judge of Elections—Joseph McCane.
Inspector—M. J. Bennett.
Constable—James Carson.

The Keystone.

The Keystone Pottery, Messrs. Kier & Co. proprietors now one of our established institutions is daily turning out Queensware, which in strength and durability and beauty of finish will challenge comparison with any article in that line manufactured anywhere, whether manufactured in this country or imported. The immense trade which has been built in so short a time by this firm, testifies of the superior excellence of these manufactures more than words do. Housewives whose stock of table ware needs replenishing, should visit the ware rooms, No. 363 Liberty street, where a large assortment is keept constantly on hand.

The Mysterious Homicide.

The mystery connected with the shooting of Eddie Loos, Monday, an account of which we published, has been solved. His brother John, who is about thirteen years of age, was called as a witness before the coroners jury and testified that Eddie had a pistol cartridge with which he was playing and that he did not know how he was killed. Subsequently, however, he admitted to Officers Ruch and Rivers that he had a pistol and was playing with it when it was discharged accidentally the ball striking his face. The coroners jury have not yet returned a verdict.

Room for Rent.—A furnished room, fronting on Wylie street, will be let to one or two gentlemen with or without board. The location is the most desirable on this street. Reference required. Call at No. 94 Wylie street for particulars. 3

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

WEDNESDAY, October 6.—Informations in Rem in causes of forfeiture were file and writs of monition and attachments ordered in the following cases.

United States vs. two barrels of distilled spirits, owned by Cross & Elliott, of Harrisburg.

Same vs. thirty-four barrels of spirits owned by William Floxing, of Alleghney City,

Same vs. the West Penn Railroad to recover five penalties of $300 each for carrying from Sharpsburgh to Freeport empty barrels which had formerly contained whisky, and which had borne certain marks and revenue stamps not canciled.

LOCAL INSPECTORS REPORT.

The Local Inspectors presented the following report:

OFFICE OF U. S. LOCAL INSPECTOR OF STEAM VESSELS, 7TH DISTRICT, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 6, 1869.

Hon. William McCandless, Judge of U. S. District Court, Western District Pennsylvania:

SIR: We have the honor to submit the following report of the doings of the Board for the quarter ending September 30th, 1869:

We have inspected twenty-four steamers of all classes, viz: passenger steamers, eight; ferry boats, seven; freight boats, two; towing boats, seven; tonnage of passenger steamers, 2,535 2-100; ferry boats, 591 43-100; towing boats, 809 11-100; freight boats, 390 35-100, making a total of 4,326 41-100. Of the above steamers, five are new boats, built during the quarter; the balance renewals. We have issued licenses to twenty-seven engineers and forty-two pilots. Of engineers four were original and twenty-three renewals; pilots, six original and thirty-six renewals. No accidents to report this quarter.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEO. H. ATKINSON,
SAM. WALKER,
U. S. Local Inspectors.

Naturalization papers were issued to nine persons in this Court yesterday.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

WEDNESDAY, October 6.—In the case of Lemon vs. Coursin, reported yesterday, verdict for plaintiff for $384.33.

C. Hasbrouck, administrator of J. A. Monaghan, deceased, vs. Manchester Savings Bank, and Mrs. Marv Brown vs. same defendants. Monaghan in his life time deposited one thousand dollars in the Manchester Savings Bank under the name of James Allen for his sister, Mrs. Mary Gemmill, now Mrs. Brown. The suit was brought to determine whether Monaghan was the person who deposited the money, and whether it was for Mrs. Brown, the bank appearing merely as a stakeholder.

Verdict for defendants in the first case and for plaintiff in the sum of $1,000 in the last case.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

" 20. McKerahan for use vs. Crawford's heirs.
" 28. Kirkpatrick vs Kelly.
" 29. Lester vs. Deckenbaugh.
" 45. First Nat'l Bank of Allegheny vs. Klouck.
" 48. Lefevre vs. Lefevre's Exr's.
" 49. Malone vs. White et. al.
" 50. Jacoby vs. Bell and McGraw.
" 21. Murdock vs. Grey and Richey.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, October 6.—The first case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. George Cogle indicted for larceny on oath of Margaret J. Pearce. The defendant was charged with stealing $4 from the pocket of the prosecutrix in the Allegheny market. He pleaed guilty and was sentanced to two years in the Western Penitentiary.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Whitaker, indicted for baratry was next taken up. Thomas, it was alleged, was an informer and had brought vexatious suits against numerous liquor dealers and among others, Joseph Lofink. Jury out.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. John Crogan and David Gilmore, charged with stealing a watch from Daniel Reynolds. Verdict of guilty. The defendants were sentenced to the County Work House for a period of two years.

The same defendats were placed on trial on an indictment for larceny of clothing, in which Wm. Vogle was prosecutor. The accused it appears when arrested had a portion of the clothing in their possession. The jury, without leaving the box, returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

Jacob Matter, indicted for the larceny of six dollars from Henry Werner, was next placed on trial and the case had not been concluded when Court adjourned.

The following abandonment and surety cases will be taken up on Saturday. Parties interested must be in Court at 10 o'clock, A. M:

No. 324 Com. vs. George F. Harbach.
" 365 Com. vs. Wm. Linn.
" 326 Com. vs. John Boehm, et al.
" 327 Com. vs. Charles Edwards.
" 328 Com. vs. L. Peterson.

The following cases on the December, March and June calenders will also be disposed of:

No. 13 Com. vs. Louis Zeymour.
" 39 Com. vs. John Sullivan.
" 59 Com. vs. Abs. Sarver.
" 94 Com. vs. Michael Mills.
" 105 Com. vs. M. Aronson.
" 106 Com. vs. J. M. Guskey.
" 208 Com. vs. Thomas Hershberger.
" 204 Com. vs. Mary Long.
" 314 Com. vs. Daniel O'Rilley.
" 7 Com. vs. Mrs. McCann.
" 11 Com. vs. Eliza Wallace.
" 59 Com. vs. Barney O'Donnell.
" 102 Com. vs. Peter McCabe.
" 341 Com. vs. James Brown.
" 343 Com. vs. Ann Denning.
" 7 Com. vs. Saml. A. Long.
" 8 Com. vs. Owen McNally.
" 19 Com. vs. Charles Vogle.
" 22 Com. vs. John Woods.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

WEDNESDAY, October 6.—In the case of Mangold vs. Huckenstein & Co., reported yesterday, verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $17.5.

Joseph Ghent vs. Ernest Dengar. Action of trespass *vie et armis* to recover damages. Jury out.

James L. Brown vs. J. and S. S. Ross. Action on book acconnt. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

74. Roberts vs. Hagmier.
77. Shephard vs. Lorenz & Wieghtman.
84. Smith vs. Howard.
88. Soles vs. Milliken & Co.
91. Hawk vs. Neenan.
92. Pittsburgh Acid Works vs. Montana Oil Co.
93. Gray & Shephard vs. Wolf.
95. Espy vs. Herron Bros.
99. Pfab vs. Froelich.
3. American Iron Mountain Co. vs. O'Connor.
2. Kinhenberger vs. Stachley.
5. Gunard vs. Allegheny City.

Republican primary meetings will be held in the Second and Sixth Wards to-day.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Large and Enthusiastic Meeting at City Hall Last Night.

A very large number of citizens assembled last night at City Hall to accord a welcome and hearing to the brilliant Ohio lawyer, Hon. Sam. Galloway, who came hither to address his fellow citizens on the political questions which enter into the present campaign. The distinguished gentleman was escorted to the hall by the Second and Sixth Ward Geary clubs accompanied by brass bands. At eight o'clock the meeting was organized by W. C. Moreland, Esq., who made a very eloquent and telling speech, in which he took occasion in fitting and appropriate terms to allude to the Chairman of the evening he was about to introduce John H. Hampton, Esq. On assuming the honorable position Mr. H. briefly addressed the audience, reviewing the political issue, and in a dignified manner contrasting the records of the Republican and Democratic candidates for the Governorship. The organization of the meeting was then completed by the election of Hon. Robert McKnight, Hon. S. A. Purviance. Hon. J. K. Moorhead, T. P. Houston, Samuel Mitchell, Matthew Anderson, T. B. Young, Henry Meyer, Col. J. W Ballantine, Benjamin Coursin, Louis Fritz, John W. Riddell, R. P. Humes, Wm. Swisshelm, George H. Anderson, Dr. T. J. Gallaher, Col. George Gerst, Louis Moul, and Wm. Neib as Vice Presidents.

The speaker of the evening, Hon. Sam Galloway, of Columbus, Ohio, was then introduced by the Chairman, and was received with rapturous applause. We extremely regret our inability to furnish a report of the masterly speech of the distinguished gentleman owing to the pressure brought to bear on our columns by our religious friends. It was the most entertaining speech of the campaign, and indeed we believe no other orator living could produce similar effect on an audience, He was at times surpassingly eloquent, then droll and amusing. His review of the record of the Democratic party was decidedly good, and while historical truths were in nowise departed from, still he followed that political organization so closely and in such fun-provoking style as to convulse with laughter everybody present, and at the same time to make impressions which will not be without effect. He urged hearty support of the State and county ticket, and proclaimed that the whole country is watching with anxiety for the response Pennsylvania is to make to the faithful execution of the laws and the prudent administration of public affairs by President Grant.

At the conclusion of the address, Gen. J. K. Moorhead proposed a vote of thanks to the orator, which was given with a will and followed by rousing cheers. The meeting then adjourned.

New Brighton—Political Meeting.

(Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW BRIGHTON, Oct. 6, 1869.

Senator Scott and H. B. Swope, of Clearfield county, addressed a large meeting of Republicans in this place last night. The issues of the campaign were ably and eloquently presented. The meeting was quite enthusiastic, and no doubt will tell favorably in the coming election.

From what we can learn, we conclude that the Beaver district will report "all right" next week. The coming election is certainly of great importance, and no one should fail to do his duty. With Geary in the Chair, Williams on the Bench and a Republican majority in the Legislature, the ship of State will move on safely, but let there be a change, and who can tell where we should drift to, or how badly we would be ruined before we could apply the remedy again. A little preventative is worth a great deal of care. Let us use it. C.

Beaver Falls—Musical Convention.

(Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BEAVER FALLS, PA., Oct. 5, 1869.

Prof. J. William Suffern, of Chicago, is now in the second week of a musical convention at this place. Everybody is delighted. The convention is a complete success in every respect. The Professor is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and abundantly competent as a teacher of music—in fact, he very much excels any one we ever heard. He has beginners, and even children, reading music in a few days' time. Mr. Suffern has been engaged in holding conventions for a number of years. He is the author of several musical works.

The Beaver convention will close on Friday night, this week. Every village in the country ought to have a musical convention for the benefit of the churches and Sabbath schools. It revives musical interest in the community. C.

A Pleasant Place.

The fields and woods are pleasant and very attractive under the influence of the genial weather we have been favored with the last few days, but no point of attraction, either in or out of the city, excels, in any degree, the clean, cheerful, bright "Continental," next door below the Postoffice, Fifth avenue, while the savory, delicious, appetizing, edibles which are prepared for its patrons lend it an additional attraction which nothing else could bring. Take a look in at the place.

Wanted.

Christy Bradford, a candidate on the Democratic ticket in the Fifth ward, is wanted at the court house. He was there yesterday, but left unceremoniously. It appears that Christy, who was in jail, was wanted to testify to certain matters before the grand jury and was taken out of jail for that purpose. After giving his testimony, the officer having him in charge started to take him back to jail, but Christy didn't go to jail. On reaching the jail yard he suddenly left the officer and ran up Wylie street to High and then disappeared.

All through these bright and pleasant days of the early autumn Mr. W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, has been busily engaged receiving, selling and purchasing ladies' dress goods, trimmings, &c., &c., suitable for the season and adapted to the wants and purses of his patrons, who are numbered by legion.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

Wool Shawls, long and square, fancy Arabs, of all varieties, at Bates & Bell's.

Black Alpacas and mourning goods at Bates & Bell's.

New Goods and new styles at Bates & Bell's.

"If men or women could but find the fabled fountain which is said to restore health, and strength, and beauty, with what eagerness they would rush to drink its waters. It is found in the S. T.—1860—X. The sale of the PLANTATION BITTERS is without a precedent in the history of the world. They are at once the most speedy, strengthening health-restorer ever discovered. It requires but a single trial to understand this.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

The bright, brilliant and attractive appearance of the fashionable and popular dress goods and trimming store of Mr. W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, is due to the fact that the stock is all new, just procured for the season. Ladies, don't forget to call at this establishment when out shopping. You cannot fail to be pleased.

Country Flannels and blankets—new goods—at Bates & Bell's.

Black Silks, evening silks, white alpacas, and evening dress goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

MARRIED.

BALLOU—WILSON—On Monday evening, October 4th, 1869, in St. Marks Church, Lewistown, Pennsylvania, by the Rev. Algernon Percy Martin, Rector, assisted by the Rev Charles J. Arms, of Norwich, Connecticut, FRANK BALLOU, of this city, to MAY S., daughter of the late Hon. E. S. Wilson, of Lewistown.

DIED.

CARSON—Wednesday morning, October 6th, at 2 o'clock, JAMES CARSON, aged 83 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Indiana township, near Harmarsville, on Friday morning, October 8th, at 10 o'clock

MCFADDEN—On Wednesday morning, at 10½ o'clock, MORGAN EDWARD infant son of Edward and Julia McFadden, aged 10 months and 26 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 149 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2.00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. A. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH BEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $3.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

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IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT.

Persons who are afflicted with weak eyes and dimness of vision, we would ask you to try the celebrated

SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

Which are guaranteed to improve the sight when other spectacles fail. They can be had of

W. G. DUNSEATH,
Jeweler and Optician,
56 FIFTH AVENUE,
oc7: Opposite Masonic Hall.

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HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
FALL AND WINTER STOCK
NOW COMPLETE.
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ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE & ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
Made Promptly to Order.
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Made and Kept on Hand.
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J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel
STEAM PUMP.
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Cor. 17th and Railroad Streets,
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BANK FOR SAVINGS.
NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH. CHARTERED IN 1864.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my28-TF

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